Muslim

today

Cultural Centre.

By Samira Kawar Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — The first annual con-

ference of the Royal Academy for

slamic Civilisation Research (Al

al-Bait Foundation) will begin

Saturday morning at the Royal

At least 50 distinguished Mus-

lim scholars from throughout the

Islamic World, France, England

and the United States; as well as

50 Jordanian Muslim cholars,

several ministers and high-

ranking officials will be spar-

ticipating in the conference's del-

berations, which will run from

Saturday afternoon until Monday

His Majesty King Hussein will

open the conference on Saturday

morning and will deliver a speech.

The conference will be chaired by

His Royal Highness Crown Prince

lassan and will include four wor-

king sessions plus a final session.

which will take place on Monday

Seven working committees,

each comprising five to seven

members, met on Thursday to dis-

cuss the seven draft documents to

be submitted to the conference.

Prince Hassan attended part of

these meetings, during which

some minor changes and sug-

gestions by other conference par-

ticipants who are not on the wor-

king committees were inc-

orporated into the drafts. These

were then officially approved as

Mr. Farouq Jarrar, Secretary of

publications and scholastic affeirs

at the Al al-Bait Foundation, told

the Jordan Times that the con-

ference documents are "project

proposals" for larger scale res-

earch to be carried out by the Al

al-Bait Foundation for the pro-

duction of books, film, pamphlets

and other material. Six of these

project proposals deal with topics

or areas that are of urgent concern

to the Muslim World in the 20th

conference documents.

evening.

Arab volunteers fight for Iraq

MANAMA, Bahrain (A.P.) - Iraq said on Friday that volunteers from 10 Arab and African nationalities, including nationals from Syria, were participating in the Iran-Iraq war on the Iraqi side. "The participation of Arab volunteers from Syria, Lebanon, Palestine, Morocco, Tunisia, Somalia, Yemen, Jordan, Eritrea are conducive to tightening links of common objectives against the enemies of the Arab Nation," said Taha Yassin Ramadan, the commander of Iraq's People's Army. The Bahrain-based Gulf News Agency said Mr. Ramadan made the statement during a visit to a People's Army training camp in Iraq which includes Arab volunteers among the enlistees. The Iraqi News Agency said meanwhile that hundreds of North Yemenis were queing at the Iraqi embassy in Sanaa, North Yemen's capital, to enlist as volunteer soldiers on Irao's side.

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Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

Prince Talal returns home

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein and members of the royal family greeted at Amman Airport Friday His Highness Pri-nce Talal Ibn Mohammad upon his return home after a successful medical treatment abroad.

More volunteers leave for Iraq

AMMAN (Petra) - A new group of volunteers of the Yarmouk Force left Amman on Friday evening for Iraq. They were seen off by the assistant chief of staff for manpower, who deputised for the commander-in-chief of the Armed Forces. The assistant chief of staff addressed the new group conveying the greetings and pride of His Majesty King Hussein, the supreme commander of the Armed Forces. He said "Your joining of your brothers, who have been defending Arab rights on the eastern flank of the Arab homeland for some two years is a manifestation of the principles of the Arab Army, whose insignia you carry. This Arab Army is the inheritor of the Great Arab Revolt." The volunteers expressed their pride in King Hussein's initiative in supporting Iraq as well as their determination to perform their

Israeli attack on Lebanon 'unjustified'

TEL AVIV (R) — Former Israeli Chief of Staff Haim Bar-Lev said on Friday he did not believe a large-scale Israeli invasion of Palestinian strongholds in South Lebanon was justified at the present time. His remarks, in an interview with Israel Radio, came amid reports that Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) groups in Lebanon had been put on alert in case of Israeli attack. Since the murder of an Israeli diplomat in Paris last weekend, there has heen renewed speculation here that Israel may launch a major military operation across its northern border. Mr. Bar-Lev, secretarygeneral of the Labour Party, was one of the opposition politicians summoned by Prime Minister Menachem Begin for consultations last Tuesday. Officials said they discussed security and foreign policy.

Tank hit by mine in S. Lebanon

TEL AVIV (R) - A tank belonging to the right-wing militias in South Lebanon hit a landmine early Friday but there were no casualties, a militia spokesman said. Two other mines were discovered nearby and dismantled, the spokesman told reporters at a border crossing point in northern Israel. The spokesman claimed that the mines had been planted by Palestinian commandos who. he said, had apparently passed through a buffer zone maintained by United Nations Interim Forces in Lebanon (UNIFIL). "We consider the mining of our area a serious violation of the ceasefire and demand that UNIFIL take immediate steps to prevent any further incursions into our territory by the Palestinians," the spokesman

Reagan's nuclear arms policy assailed

BONN (R) - U.S. President Ronald Reagan's nuclear arms policy is based on the mistakenbelief that Moscow possesses superiority in strategic nuclear arms, Paul Warnke, former U.S. chief negotiator at the Strategic Arms Limitation Talks (SALT), said on Friday, "When the president said the Soviets had a clear superiority. he was very, very wrong," Mr. Warnke, who served in Geneva under former President Jimmy Carper, told the West German nemi inegative Der Spiegel. "The fact of that if we could stop the nuclear arms build-up by waving a wand, we would all be much saint. For no matter how many (wespeed) we build, the Soviets can and will match us." Mr. Warake taid the Reagan admmistration was mistaken in thinking it could bring the Soviet Union to the negotiating table by

Micropring to out-distance it in an

scholars AMMAN (Petra) — His Royal to open Highness Crown Prince Hassan said Jordan considers the development of Soviet-Arab relations conference on the political level to be an important contributing factor to the establishment of peace in the Mid-

> In an interview with the Soviet news agency, Novosty, Prince Hased the recent developments in the region expressing his deep anxiety over what is taking place in the Arab territories occupied by Israel. He told the agency that the so-called civilian administration, which Israel is try

ing to impose on the Arab citizens in the occupied territories, reminds us of the racist laws imposed on Africans by the government of South Africa, explaining that the rights enjoyed by Africans there are generally better than those Israel is trying to impose on the Pal-

Prince Hassan criticised the United States' reluctance to condemn the Israeli aggression as an encouragement of Israel to escalate its attacks in the region.

In reply to a question about how he assesses the Soviet proposals for the establishment of a just and durable peace in the region, Prince

Hassan said: "We have supported President Brezhnev's proposal to hold an international conference to discuss Middle East problems and the Arab-Israeli conflict. We also support President Brezhnev's call to turn the Indian Ocean into a zone of peace.'

In conclusion Prince Hassan told Novosty: "I would like to stress once again that any partial solution of the Middle East conflict which ignores such basic issues like Jerlem and its Arab and Islamic holy places will only serve the interests of the Israeli rulint parties and will not help the establishment of stability in our region."



Bomb thrown at Israeli soldiers in Bethlehem

Qasem back from Kuwait

AMMAN (Petra) - Minister of of the Non-aligned Movement to

Foreign Affairs Marwan Al step up their support of the str-

delegation returned home from order to enable them to obtain and

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (Agencies) — A petrol bomb: was thrown at an Israeli army patrol in the centre of Bethlehem in the occupied West Bank on Friday but there were no casualties, Israeli military sources said.

The immediate neighbourhood was placed under curfew and a search of the area was made but there were no arrests.

Bethlehem, where Good Friday was being observed by the town's Christians, was the scene of a clash on Thursday between unidentified armed men and a student leader and a guard at the local university.

A few hundred students staged protest sit-in strike but dispersed in the evening. In the nearby town of Beit Sah-

Qasem and the accompanying

Kuwait on Thursday after par-

ticipating in the four-day ext-

raordinary session of the Non-

aligned Movement Coordination

Mr. Qasem told Petra that the

participants in the meeting ass-

essed the situation in the region

and considered the practical steps

that can be taken by the countries

our, other armed persons broke into a Greek Orthodox religious club and adjoining coffee bar where they fired shots into the air and smashed some furniture.

The Israeli authorities are investigating both incidents. Bethlehem Mayor Elias Freij blamed members of the Israeli-

backed Village Leagues. Unidentified men waylaid an Israeli bus in the West Bank town of Halhoul Friday, injuring two ssengers with rocks thrown through the windows, a military spokesman said.

The bus was travelling from Kiryat Arba, a Jewish settlement outside Hebron, through Halhoul. an Arab town, five kilometres north of Kiryat Arba.

uggle of the Palestinian people in

freely practise their inalienable

rights. He explained that he bri-

efed the conference on Jordan's

point of view, its efforts to support

the steadfastness of the Pal-

estinian people in the occupied

territories and on the recent mea-

sures adopted by the Jordanian

government on the so-called Vil-

lage Leagues.

or risk a battle.

accept duress.

According to Foreign Minister Nicanor Costa Mendez, Argentina was prepared to discuss all

But government sources said the ruling military junta had closed the door on two possible solutions by ruling out a Hong Kong or Andorra style of administration for the islands.

These would have meant Argentine sovereignty over the Fal-

FALKLAND IS.

South Atlantic

talks over Falklands WASHINGTON (R) - U.S. Sec- klands with Britain administering

retary of State Alexander Haig left London for Buenos Aires Friday to seek a solution to the crisis over the Falkland Islands with two days left for negotiations before Britain imposes a blockade of the

Haig heads for Argentina

Argentine Navy. Mr. Haig was taking with him a determined message from British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher that Argentina must evacuate the islands seized a week ago

Although hints had earlier emerged that Argentina might withdraw its troops from the islands under certain conditions, Argentine Defence Minister Amadeo Frugoli said on Friday it would not

"Argentina will not accept pressures of any kind and if our armed forces are attacked we will respond with correspondg energy and efficiency," he said.

aspects of the dispute

them under lease or both Britain and Argentina sharing sovereignty.

Britain has said it would not rule out any options on the future of the Falklands. But it insists that Argentine forces first withdraw from the islands. The crisis has left Mrs. Thatcher

dangerously exposed and political sources said she believes the future of her government rested on restoring the Falklands to British rule, preferably by diplomacy but if necessary by force. . A British fleet, made up of at

least 27 warships and supply vessels, is heading for the South Atlantic where it will impose a blockade of the Falklands from 0400 GMT on Monday.

Defence Secretary John Nott has said British ships would shoot first if any Argentine naval vessels entered a 200-mile.war zone.

In Moscow the official Soviet news agency TASS described the despatch of the fleet as a threat to it termed the bellicose actions of British ruling circles.

The European Economic Community confirmed a ban on arms sales to Argentina over its seizure of the islands but was still discussing possible further trade

SOUTH AMERICA

Non-aligned adopt new approach on Palestine

KUWAIT (R) - Non-aligned Tehran and Baghdad, diplomats countries, hoping for a change in U.S. policies, have turned to the United Nations to help achieve a comprehensive Middle East settlement as Egypt prepares to recover the last part of Sinai under its peace treaty with Israel.

At a foreign ministers meeting which ended in Kuwait on Thursday night, the Coordination Bureau of the Non-Aligned Movement called for a special session of the U.N. General Assembly on Palestine to resume before the Sinai hand-over is completed by April 26.

The session, to be beld not later than April 20, was first convened in 1980.

The non-aligned countries want the General Assembly to promote the Palestinian cause, the Security Council to impose sanctions against Israel and U.N. Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar to initiate new peace moves.

The conference, in what some delegates described as a new, constructive approach -- rather than merely condemning U.S. support for Israel - expressed the hope that the United States would review its policies in a "positive and constructive way.

The conference also condemned "misuse by the United States of its veto at the U.N. Security Council."

It deplored the "bostile attitude" of the U.S. government towards the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), recognised by the non-aligned as the sole, leg-itimate representative of the Palestinian people.

But unlike earlier non-aligned radio reported. conferences which totally rejected aty, the Kuwait meeting made no reference to the U.S.-sponsored accord and opted for much milder

language. Apparently, Egypt succeeded in convincing many delegations that its negotiations with Israel for Palestinian "autonomy" on the West Bank and Gaza would only pave the way for interim arrangements before Palestinians themselves decide their future, diplomats

said. The PLO has denounced the autonomy talks as an attempt to perpetuate Israeli occupation.

The conference, in line with previous resolutions, condemned the continuing occupation of Arab territories by Israel and the Zionist state's policies on the West Bank, Gaza and the annexed Syrian Golan Heights.

Gulf war

Meanwhile, a non-aligned peace committee met in Kuwait on Friday to consider fresh moves for ending the war between Iraq and Iran, including new visits to

One or more members of the

four-man group which is seeking to reconcile conflicting Iraqi and Iranian positions were expected to embark on a new mission on Saturday, they said.

The committee, set up last year. includes Cuban Foreign Minister Isidoro Malmierca, whose country is the current chairman of the Non-Aligned Movement.

Other members are Zambian Foreign Minister Lameck Goma, Indian External Affairs Minister P.V. Narasimha Rao and Farouk Kaddoumi, head of the Political Department of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO).

Mr. Rao left for home on Friday leaving behind a senior official. Romesh Bhandari, to deputise.

The committee met twice on Friday following separate talks which the group held with the foreign ministers of Iran and Iraq, Ali Akbar Velayati and Saadoun Hammadi, during the non-aligned conference on Palestine.

Both ministers later told reporters that little if any progress had been made.

Parallel efforts by the Organisation of Islamic Conference (OIC) to end the 18-month-old Gulf war are expected to resume later this month at the OIC's headougnters in Jeddah, Saudi Ara-

In Tehran on Friday, Iran's chief justice Ayatollah Moussavi Ardabali told a peace mission from the Pakistan-based World Islamic Congress the war must be decided on the battlefield, Tehran

Yugoslav remarks

On Thursday, the Yugoslav delegation to the non-aligned conference issued the official text of remarks on the Iran-Iraq war by Foreign Minister Josip Vrhovec Wednesday showing changes from an earlier version made available to journalists.

According to the official text of his speech to the Kuwait conference on Palestine, Mr. Vrhovec, who spoke in English, said: We wonder whether the peace process (between Iraq and Iran) could not start with the cessation of hostilities, withdrawal of troops and immediate negotiations on the problems existing between the two countries "

The earlier version, distributed by the conference press centre on Wednesday after Mr. Vrhovec had delivered his speech, said: "We wonder whether the peace process could not start with the withdrawal of troops followed by the cessation of hostilities and immediate negotiations on the problems existing between the two countries."

Thatcher's rule hinges on U.S. clout

By Barry May

LONDON - British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher is counting on the United States to persuade Argentina to leave the Falkland islands peacefully and avert a costly military conflict that could lead to her downfall.

Political sources say she believes the future of her government rests on restoring the Falklands to British rule-preferably by diplomacy, but by force if necessary.

But while the Conservative government can survive, the prime minister herself is dangerously exposed. U.S. Secretary of State Ale-

xander Haig, who flew from London to Buenos Aires after a lengthy meeting with Mrs. Thatcher, carried with him her hopes of hanging on to power. in five hours of talks on Thu-

rsday night she left him in no doubt of her resolve to get Argentina's troops off the islands before negotiations over the future status of the South Atlantic colony can begin, sources close to the British leader said.

If diplomacy fails, analysts say that after the bellicose noises made by Mrs. Thatcher and her ministers this week she must win in any clash with Argentina. Anything less than military vic-

tory when the British Navy enforces a 200-mile war zone around the Faiklands at midnight on Sunday (0400 GMT Monday) will jeopardise her political survival. The crisis grew from an app-

arently minor incident when a group of Argentine scrap merchants landed on the tiny Faiklands dependency of South Georgia three weeks ago to dismantle a rusty old whaling station.

Britain says they ignored British immigration procedures and hoisted Argentina's blue-and-white flag, and a war of nerves followed between the two countries, in dispute over the Falklands since

Last week Argentine marines neized the islands after a brief clash with its British marine defenders and Mrs. Thatcher was

presented with Britain's gravest international problem since the Suez crisis of 1956.

Following calls by the Labour opposition in parliament for her resignation, her Conservative backers have rallied behind her government, for the time being at. least.

They have given Mrs. Thatcher the benefit of the doubt about her ability to handle the crisis.

By her own definition, the 56-year-old shopkeeper's daughter elected Britain's first woman prime minister in 1979 is proud and stubborn.

She relishes the nickname "the Iron Lady" given her by the Soviet Union because of her tough and uncompromising attitude.

In the present crisis, however, her position may depend on successful intervention by her friend, ally and close ideological partner, President Reagan.

News analysis

Mrs. Thatcher has been at pains to emphasise that Mr. Reagan sent Mr. Haig here not as a mediator but as a friend and ally seeking to hear first-hand Britain's point of

But her aides recognise that U.S., allied to both Britain and Argentina, is the only country with sufficient clout to influence the situation and, sooner or later. it must come to mediation.

The alternative is a perilous military operation to recapture the Falklands, save Britain's national honour, and possibly reprieve Mrs. Thatcher herself.

Privately, some Conservative members of parliament have already begun to speculate about the future of the government under a new prime minister.

Following the resignation of Foreign Secretary Lord Carington and two junior ministers over their failure to foresee the risis, Mrs. Thatcher has attempted to restore Conservative morale by bringing new faces into the government.

Despite this, many Conservatives are worried that the cri-

sis will place strains on the economy which could wreak havoc on the government's monetarist anti-inflation strategy and delay sustained recovery from Britain's

Sterling has been under severe pressure on foreign exchanges and pillions of pounds have been wiped off the share value of British industry.

The government has not begun to estimate the cost of the battle fleet sailing to the South Atlantic. The deputy finance minister. Leon Brittan, has warned that higher taxes and cuts in state spendingmay have to be imposed to pay for the operation.

If the crisis is prolonged, interest rates would likely be forced up, wrecking Mrs. Thatcher's owed aim of reducing inflation. Historically, the Conservatives are ruthless in quickly dispatching leaders who fail or embarrass the

"If Maggie loses, the greybeards will whisk her off to Buckingham Palace and she'll be out," one party source said.

The person considered by many Conservatives to be most likely to be called on by Queen Elizabeth as Mrs. Thatcher's successor is Francis Pym, Lord Carrington's replacement as foreign secretary.

A former Northern Ireland trouble-shooter, he was shifted by Mrs. Thatcher from running the Defence Ministry because he opposed her plan to boost spending on nuclear weapons at the expense of Britain's conventionally-armed forces.

Mr. Pym has also clashed with Mrs. Thatcher over her economic policy and would be a less dogmatically monetarist prime min-

He commands wide respect in the party for his steady hand in managing the government's parliamentary business in his previous role as leader of the House of Commons. An early election is not thought

very likely--despite the government's recently improved opi-'nion poll ratings and an alert sounded by Liberal leader David Steel to his party to be prepared for a sudden election.

Soviet, Iraqi leaders mark anniversary of friendship pact

75_{mls}

MOSCOW (A.P.) — The leaders of the Soviet Union and Iraq have exchanged telegrams marking the 10th anniversary of a friendship and cooperation treaty between the two countries, the official Soviet news agency TASS said Thu-

Neither telegram mentioned the war between Iraq and Iran. The Kremlin publicly has maintained a strict neutralist line in the 18-month conflict, despite its treaty with Iraq and growing economic relations with Iran.

A telegram signed by Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev and Premier Nikolai Tikhonov said that the "Soviet Union has always been and will be siding with the just cause of the Iraqi and other Arab people who are fighting for their freedom and independence against Israeli aggression and its' patrons."

Qotbzadeh arrested in Tehran

LONDON (R) - Former Iranian Foreign Minister Sadeq Qotbzadeh was arrested by Revolutionary Guards at his home in Tehran

two days ago, relatives said on Friday. They told Reuters by telephone that Dr. Qotbzadeh was picked up with his brother and three friends who were visiting him

Dr. Qotbzadeh's house in North Tehran, the affluent residential area of the capital, had been taken over by Revolutionary Guards, the relatives said from Tehran. The former foreign minister, who had been under house arrest almost since former President Abol Hassan Bani-Sadr was ousted

last June, had been taken to an unknown place, they said.

served three days in Tehran's top security Evin Prison in November 1980 for criticising the national broadcasting system. He was released after revolutionary leader Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini intervened in his case.

Dr. Qotbzadeh, a fierce critic of Iran's fundamentalist rulers,

Syria charges U.S., Iraq incite anti-Assad moves

DAMASCUS (R) — Syria accused the United States and Iraq Friday of involvement in antigovernment violence in the country, a day after closing its border with Iraq.

In an article published in the newspaper of Syria's ruling Baath Party, Defence Minister Mustafa Thas accused the United States of inciting the outlawed Muslim Brotherhood in Syria to carry out murder and sabotage.

He also charged the United States with fomenting conflict in Lebanon, trying to divide the Arab World and causing the Iran-Iraq

Maj.-Gen. Tlas linked the accusations with charges against Iraq, saying the United States had worked "to move the Muslim Brotherhood gangs to carry out acts of sabotage and assassination in Syria after these gangs have been trained in Iraq."

The border closure and the propaganda onslaught marked a new peak in a one-month campaign by

the Syrian government. Syria announced on Thursday that it was closing its border with

Iraq until further notice because. it claimed, the Baghdad government had been sending saboteurs and weapons into Syrian territory.

The campaign, which began after Syrian troops suppressed a bloody uprising in the central city of Hama, appeared to open a new phase in the fight against antigovernment violence. For the first time in three years

the Syrian government was giving special prominence to charges that foreign governments, mainly, Washington and Baghdad, were cooperating with the Muslim Brotherhood.

Previously the government had blamed the brotherhood for a long series of assassinations and bom-

Syrian President Hafez Al Assad launched the campaign with a speech on March 7. Authorities followed this with televised interviews with people claiming to have been recruited by Iraqi intelligence to plant car bombs in Damascus or smuggle weapons and explosives into

ATIONAL

ART REVIEW

A chance see the world of Saudi Arabian ertis**is**

> By Meg Abu Hamdan Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - Unlike the social customs and traditions of Saudi Arabia - about which everyone has his or herown conceptions and miceonauptions - tery little is known outside the country about its contemporary art. The exislicition of paintings by 21 Saudi Actorian artists, which opened at the Palece of Culture on Tuesday erening rectifies this situation tomewhat, and by talking to the artists who travelled with the show a biller picture emerges.

The development of modern art. in Saudi Arabia is in many ways. similar to that in Jordan, Like Jordan, the first art exhibition ever to be neld in Saudi Arabia took place: well miss the 20th century. By drawing a parallel with the situation fore, one can surmise that the absence of any kind of am exit-Rillian until 1963 is almost certainly due to a small population of t ast kinggom of nomads and

arciscape with camels by Khaled Abdullah Al Abdan



A painting by Saudi art pioneer Abdul Halim Rudwi

farmers whose culture consisted mainly of poetry, literature and beautifully designed and decorated handicrafts. What painting there was mainly took the form of decorational work which uti-

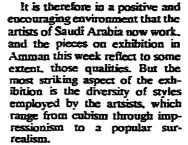
painting.
But in the brief 20 years since that first exhibition in 1963. Saudi artists have come far. The two artists associations in Rivadh and Taif have more than 300 members between them. Over 30 art exhibitions by both local and intemational artist are held every year all over the country. Fourvear courses leading to a masters degree in fine arts can be taken at the College of Art Education in Mecca, while in Rivadh, students can study art for three years before going on to complete their education abroad. Every year several students are sponsored by the government to study art in Europe and America while in Jedah, the art of the world is brought to the Saudis as the city streets are adomed with the sculpture of Moore. Calder and Vasarely.

One of the artists, Ali Al Ghaandi felt that it was because the Saudi Arabian public had a chance to become familar with the work of some of the modern masters in accessible and reassuring surroundings that they could more easily respo ad to, and accept, the modern paintings of their own artists. "In Jeddah, we often have more than 1,000 visitors at one exhibition." he said, adding that he hoped Jeddah would soon become one of the main artistic and cultural centres of the Arab

lised calligraphy and floral and geometrical designs. It was only when the big cities began to form in the 1940's and 50's that life became easier for the Saudi Arabians to develop their talents in

> since finishing his art studies in Italy he has held four solo exhoss the canvas.

City scene by Hanza Abdul Rahman Bajondeh



This heavy Western influence and pluralism is almost certainly another manifestation of the cultural conditions that existed in the kingdom before that first art exhibiton. As painting was not part of their heritage, the emerging Saudi Arabian artists had no classical art background on which to build and develop their modernism. In seeking what they found to be lacking, they turned their eyes to the rich artistic beritage of the West where there were many different "movements" by which one could be influenced and inspired.

Abdul Halim Rudwi, one of the pioneering artists and the one who held that important first exhibiton in Jeddah, has developed his own study of impressionism. His entry depicts a small town which invites a group of traditionally dressed people towards it by its deep set archways, all engulfed in swirling dynamic lines that emanate from a Pale sum. One can understand from the artist's soft colours and clear lines why he has become the most famous Saudi Arabian artist. A solo exhibition of his work is now on display in Tunis.

Mohammad Al Salim, another pioneer, paints in the colours of the desert, vellows and othres tinged with green; the shape of his praying figures are echoed by the dusty buildings of the town silhouetted on the skyline.

Saud Ghatani and Ahmad Felmban have also been painting since the very early days of art in Saudi Arabia. Ghatani appears to be heavily influenced by the work of Al Salim, for in the landscape on exhibition he has employed the same linear composition that evokes the desert vastness and the same palette of desert colours. Despite the warmth of these yellows, they do not exude the feeling of heat as do the bright oranges and reds used by 31 year old Felemban. In these bot midday colours he paints the city life with the children running and playing between narrow stairways and buildings. Flemban is quickly establishing himself by these romantic and acessible works and

One of the young artists, Khalid Al Abdan has adapted the influences of the pioneers like Al Saleem and Ghatani to depict in a camels in front of the bedouin tent behind which star shaped palms cluster. The stick-like legs of the animals and their triangular humps form an interesting rhythm with the poles and peaks of the tent that stretch behind them acr-

Good portrait works comes from Dia Azziz Dia, while Mohammad Khuderi is the only artist at the exhibition to use pen and ink. In this medium he produces intricate interwoven geometrical

Brought to Jordan by the Ministry of Culture and Youth in co-operation with the Saudi Arabia embassy, the exhibition provides an interesting opportunity not only for one to become familiar with the work of contemporary Saudi Arabian artists. but also to see how these artists combine outside influences with aspects of their own culture. The exhibition lasts until April 19.



The Yarmonk University Players perform their first tragedy, Sophocles' Antigone, at last October's Jer-

Yarmouk's dramatists try their hands at Hamlet

By Nujoud Goussous Special to the Jordan Times

YARMOUK UNIVERSITY'S Dr. lan Carrothers, a former assistant professor in the English Department and now a member of the Fine Arts Department, is one of the few, and probably the best, theatre director at Yarmouk. After producing plays in English with Jordanian drama pioneers for four years, Dr. Carruthers is now preparing to present Hamlet.

Dr. Carruthers, a native of Scotland, says he has always been interested in theatre. He studied classical Japanese theatre in Japan, which has a strong influence on his later work. He took his masters degree from Harvard University in Asian studies, emphasising drama. His Ph.d. was from the University of British Columbia in English Literature.

In 1978 Dr. Carruthers joined Yarmouk's English Department. His first interest was in writing and producing plays, which he had done in both Canada and Boston. In his first year at Yarmouk he wrote and produced a play called erd's Play. In the year The House of Bernarda Alba was produced. As a first major play at Yarmouk and in English. The House of Bernarda Alba was quite a boost for the enthusiastic young professor, producing a good impression and providing him with much encouragement. In 1980, Chekov's The Cherry Orchard was produced and performed. It was followed by ibsen's An Enemy of the People, and very recently by Sophocles's Antigone at the Jerash Festival last October.

Dr. Carrothers and the Yarmouk Players told the Jordan Times of their plans to put on Shakespeare's Hamlet. Dr. Carruthers, who seems never to have produced two plays that were alike in any way, said: "Hopefully Hamlet is going to be shown early this summer, We hope it will be something really different and original, very near to the style of the original Shakespearean productions." He added: "Antigone at the Jerash Festival was actually a buildup to Hamlet, because both are tragedies and both are written in poetry, which means a certain kind of rhythm is needed in performing. Hamlet, though, is longer and much more difficult than Antigone, and as it is done now for the first time in Jordan, we hope to reach the stage of a new Hamlet."

About the stage set, Dr. Carruthers — with a nod of agreement from his players — said that the scenery this time will be different. "It will mainly consist of curtains, carpets, and the King's platform", he said; "it will be very much like Elizabethan productions."

The players include 20 actors, playing 33 parts. Explaining this, Dr. Carruthers said, "It is not a lack of players. Rather it is because Shakespeare had a very limited number of players, many of whom took more than one part; and this is my policy in Hamlet. Those to whom I've given more than one part are the ones who with one part only would have a lot of free time during the play, and the play is long. Also, giving one person more than one part demands more acting skill from the actors themselves

Most of the players in Hamlet are old Yarmoukians, though there are a few who are acting for the first time. The cast includes Yousef Bazian, Lina Tal, Usama Kerreh, Burhan Gharaibeh, Mar-



Dr. Ian Carrethers

wan Nassar, Maher Karaki, Suheir Ammari, Tamim Rihani, Khulnd Totah, Bayan Tai, Hadi Kilani, Jareer Jarrar, Nahla Bedwan, Hussein Jabarin, Mohamed Taha, Amani Khatib, Fawwaz Manna' Qasem Shafe'ee, Hassan Shishani and Reem Wazani. The stage ager is Miran Sixtieh, and istant stage manager Khulud Totah.

"Wider perspective"

The Jordan Times interviewed some of the actors and actresses who were available. Yousef Bazian and Lina Tal are both studying administrative sciences with a minor in English literature. They both acted in The Cherry Orchard. An Enemy Of the People and Antigone. Mr. Bazian said," I have done a lot of acting, and the more I act the more I am able to look at things with a wider perspective. I am expecting to learn a lot from my experience in Hamlet. considering the themes, which deal with villainy and human psychology in general." He added that he enjoys philosophy, and he has found a lot of it in the plays he acts in.

Miss Tal, however, said: "Standing on the stage after some experience in acting gives you a kind of self-confidence and responsibility." Both young actors have had the opportunity to go on. a scholarship for five weeks to England to study drama, and both are thinking seriously of fature studies in the same field.

Others, who have also acted in more than one play, are Suheir Ammari and Marwan Nassar studying English literature and engineering. Both acted in an Enemy Of The People and Ant-HONE.

Burhan Gharaibeh, a third-year biology student, acted in Antigone for the first time, as the blind prophet. The andience enjoyed his acting then, and he says, "I discovered myself I guess, I have taken drama as a minor, and. l am doing Claudius now in Ham-

English major, played the sentry in Antigone, also acting for the first time. In Hamlet, he plays Horatio. Usama Kerreh told the Jordan

Maher Karaki, a third-year

Times, "I do have some acting experience from high school. tival, and now I have two parts in Hamlet, one as the Ghost and the other as Polonius," Mr. Kerreh, a second-year student of administrative sciences, is thinking of further studies in drama.

Khulud Totah and Qasem; Shafe'ee are third-year English: maiors. Mr. Shafe'ee says." Acting is better than sitting around doing nothing in my free time." Miss Totah, who is doing a small part and is also assistant stage manager, said: "Stage managing is: more my style than acting. It reqnires a lot of moving around, and that's what I like."

New players include Tamim Rihani (who took a course in drama in the United States two years ago), Bayan Tal and Hussein labarin, who are majoring in administrative sciences, fine arts and economics respectively. They said that they had been interested in the offer to join the group, and decided to try. They now find the work "a bit hard," but "very interesting and exciting".

Stage Manager Miran Sirrich, who has had good experience in stage managing before at the ler-ash Festival on Antigone, said: "I am really encouraged to belo in Hamlet. My plans for the future, I think, will include more studies on stage managing."

Many of the players have had some theatrical experience before. 70 per cent of them are studving drama as a minor, and most are taking Hamlet as a course this semester. Their specialisations

40 per cent English literature; 20 per cent administrative sciences, 10 per cent economics; 10 per cent line arts; 10 per cent biology, and 10 per cent engineering.

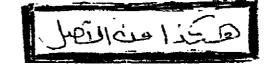
Shakespeare goes bilingual

DR. MUFEED HAWAMDEH, teaching English at the English Department of Yarmouk University, is now working with some of his students to produce Shakespeare's The Merchant of Venica. The drama will, it is hoped, be performed at the next Jerash

Festival, with one unique feature: it is going to be in Arabic.

Dr. Hawamdeh is also working on translating different kinds of plays from English to Arabic, and vice versa. "The purpose of my work," he says, "is to be a bridge between Western drama (especially the Shakespearean) and Arabic drama." Among the plays that Dr. Hawamdeh intends to produce, in the long run, are Othello, King Lear, Macbeth, some Irish drama, some works of Beckett, David Storey and possibly some Russian works.





Sharif Zaid meets with U.S. senator



AMMAN (Petra) - The Commander-in-Chief of the Armed Forces Lt.-Gen. Sharif Zaid Ibn Shaker received at his office on Thursday, U.S. Senator Robert Kasten, a Republican from Wiscousin and member of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, with the accompanying delegation. During the meeting, they exchanged views and discussed several topics of interest to the two countries. The meeting was attended by U.S. Ambassador in Amman Richard Viets.

Organisations committee concludes meeting

AMMAN (Petra) - The meetings of the committee of the Arab organisations formed to study the drafts of Arab industrial coordination and integration were concluded at the premises of the General Secretariat of the Council

of Arab Economic Unity (CAEU). CAEU Secretary General Fakhri Qaddouri praised the fruitful results of the committee work and praised the efforts made by the Arab and international organisations which participated in discussing the topics submitted for discussion in seriousness and coürage, particularly the questions of Arab general development and

'r' Arab industrial development.

anisation Abbad Al Azzabi explained the significance of the results of the committee work in drawing up a constant basis for industrial cooperation and integration in order to boost the joint Arab action.

The committee adopted several recommendations including the study of the basic principles of Arab industrial coordination and integration and the basis of planned industrial coordination. The CAEU General Secretariat and the Secretariat of the Arab Industrial Development Organisation were invited to meet again to draft the agreements on Arab industrial coordination and integration in their final form in preparation for submitting them to the official 12 Industrial Development Org- Arab quarters.

Latin church announces services

Unified Jordanian Easter holiday still 1 week away

AMMAN (J.T.) - All Christian denominations in Jordan will celebrate Easter together on Sunday, April 18, instead of separately according to Eastern and Western calendars.

There is a difference of only one week between the two Easters this year. Western denominations throughout the world will celebrate Easter on Sunday, April 11, while Eastern denominations will observe the holiday on Sunday. April 18.

According to an ecumenical decision taken in 1978, both Eastern and Western denominations in Jordan celebrate Christmas together. according to the Western calendar -- on Dec. 25 -- while they celebrate Easter according to the Eastern calendar. The Roman Catholic (Latin) Church on Friday announced the schedule for its Easter and Holy Week masses, which will be held in English as follows:

- 1. Church of our Lady of the Annunciation (Jabal Luweibdeh, opposite the Pakistani embassy, tel. 37440) Easter Sunday. April 18:
- 2. Saint Joseph's Church (Jabal Amman, First Circle, tel. 24590) Easter Sunday, April 18; Mass at 11 a.m. and at 12 noon.
- 3. Church of Saint John the Baptist (Jabal Hussein, Frere Street, tel. 61757): Good Friday, April 16, 1982; Way of the Cross at 7 p.m. Easter Sunday, April 18, 1982; Mass at 5 p.m.

JD 2m U.N.-supported training programme starts at AOAS today

AMMAN (Petra) The United Nations will participate in a training programme with the Arab Organisation of Administrative Sciences (AOAS), which will begin on Saturday with a seminar on the implementation of economic and social development plans. The U.N. support, worth JD 2 million, is part of an ongoing aid service which the organisation renders to the AOAS.

Project Director Mohammad Sadeq said the training project's objective is to help the AOAS, as specialised Arab organisation, maintain a level of good management in Arab countries, and to enhance its ability to contribute to Arab economic and social development.

Dr. Sadeq added that the AOAS signed a technical agreement with the UN Development Programme on Jan. 1. 1981, according to which the United Nations will give technical assistance to the project for three years, to increase the efficiency of Arab management and to raise the capabilities of the AOAS, as well-

as to improve the various act-

He added that the experts who would be attracted to the project would reside at the AOAS headquarters in Amman. They will be entrusted with training programmes both at the headquarters and in other Arab countries. Non-resident experts will also be engaged by the AOAS, when and as needed, he said.

The project also provides opportunities for AOAS employees to benefit from exchanges of visits, to increase their aptitude through participating in training courses

Travel agent licensing discontinued

AMMAN (Petra) - The Ministry of Tourism and Antiquities has announced that the ministry will issue no more licences to travel agents whose pusiness is restricted to the sale of tickets. Only tourist offices offering full tourorganisation services will be heensed from now on, it said,

The announcement added that the ministry will not exant new lieences to tourist offices in downtown Amman, because of Amman Municipality's plan to alleviate congestion downtown and to provide tourist services in the suburbs.

The ministry is continuing its programme of examinations for those employed at travel and tourist agencies in cooperation with Alia, the Royal Jordanian Airline and the association of travel and tourist agents

AMMAN (Petra) - Social Development Minister In'am Al Mutti on Thursday presided over a meeting on care for the disabled, in the presence of Chief Chamberlain Prince Raid Ibn Zaid and several people concerned with the welfare of the disabled. The meeting studied a draft law on the rehabilitation of the disabled.

The draft law deals with the services which should be rendered to the disabled, including protection, education, training and providing them with special equipment, facilities and exemptions which help them discharge their daily affairs

The signing of the agreement is part of the ministry's plan to implement development projects appLt.-Gen. Idris interviewed on occasion of Arab Police Day

Public Security chief warns against rise in crime rate

AMMAN (Petra) — On the occasion of the Arab Police Day, which falls on Saturday. Ahmad Krishan of the Jordan News Agency. Petra, made the following interview with Public Security Director Lt.-Gen. Mohammad,

Question: Are there any plans to recruit more manpower to improve the efficiency of the Public Security Directorate and how do you find people's acceptance to enlist in the police force?

Answer: Naturally there is a plan to cover the needs of the police force in terms of manpower: People's enrolment in the police force is encouraging. Last year, some 2,000 people were recruited. We hope to recruit the same number this year.

O. How do you view the security situation in the country and the expected crime rate compared to that in the world. What is the crime you view as the most serious affecting Jordanian society, and what are the steps which the Public Security Directorate is taking to contain crime in the future? A: Crime is something inherent in every society. Regardless how any society progresses or prospers, the rate of crime would rise along with

the level of progress or prosperity. Jordan is such a society. However, thank God, we do not have organised crime or organised gangs who use the most sophisticated means to commit their crimes. Crime in Jordan is not a danger which cannot be contained or curbed, although we expect an increased rate of crime in the coming years. This is a natural result of socio-economic progress.

I can say that crimes committed against property are the most serious crimes in Jordan. Crimes against people are limited. However. crimes against property are due to the changing economic factors. and this involves in particular the crime of theft. Containing this crime depends on controlling the changing economic factors, but



Mohammad Idris

serious, nevertheless, we can say that this crime also has not gone beyond its normal rate

Q: The question of Juvenile delinquincy is an international problem. Although this problem in Jordan is not acute, it has begun to surface recently. This prompts us to ask whether there are any precautionary measures to cope with

A: Many delinquits were forced by socio-economic factors to commit crimes. If we take into consideration the fact that they are young and have a spirit of adventure, we can understand why they would follow the path of crime. We must investigate the reasons behind the crimes committed by delinquints. Social institutions should play an effective role in curbing this phenomenon. and we must build social institution to rehabilitate the delinquints. The family also has an important educational role to play. If all these methods fail, then the professional criminals must be isolated from others. Above all. suitable living conditions should be provided for the delinquints. O: What is your assessment of Jordan's policewomen, 10 years after the formation of a policewomen force, what is the extent of the success which the Jordanian women achieved in the police A: The policewomen force has

been a successful experiment in Jordan There are some Arab

countries which are trying to do the same as Jordan in this field and benefit from this experience. Women have proved their competence in the police force. This encourages us to support and reinforce their unit.

Q: The Jordanian government has recently modernised laws and regulations in force. For this reason, the government asked the ministries and government departments to review their laws. What has been accomplished in terms of the laws and regulations in force as far as the public security is concerned?

A: Actually, all laws and regulations related to the public security have been reviewed. It was found out that some of them need modernisation. Following a full study in cooperation with the other concerned authorities, draft laws and regulations have been referred to the authorities for amendment. The amendments included the firearms law, the traffic law, the prisons law, the alcoholic beverages law, the junvenile delinquints law, the fireworks law and others. Some of these amended laws have been approved. Other laws and regulations are still under study

Q: The status of foreign workers in Jordan and allowing them to work in Jordan has been a controversial question. The authorities have recently taken measures to exempt certain Arab workers from residence restrictions.

What is the reason for this exemption, and do you not think that this step has placed obstacles in the way of regulating the residence of workers coming from abroad?

A: As a result of economic progress, it has become evident that Jordan suffers from a shortage of manpower, Labour Ministry sources have estimated that Jordan needs 70,000 workers to cover its needs in terms of implementing these projects.

For reasons related to the public interest, it has been decided to given some non-Arab workers advanced permits from the Interior Ministry to reside in Jordan As for the Arab workers, there are no restrictions governing their stay in Jordan. The Interior Minister has recently issued a decree exempting Egyptian workers from the residence requirements because of the urgent need to increase the number of workers in Jordan.

Q: How do you view the Jordanian citizen's outlook to the services of the Public Security Department and has the traditional outlook to policemen changed?

A: I believe that the traditional outlook to the policeman as a domineering person taking advantage of the law has disappeared. The police are committed to the application of law and this helpenhance the new outlook to the police of which we are provd.

Today's weather

It will be hot, dusty and partly cloudy, with southeasterly moderate winds, treshening at times. In Agaba, it will be dusty, with northerly moderate to fresh winds and calm seas.

	Overnight low	Daytime high
Amman	Ĥ	27
Aqaba	15	33
Deserts	11	28
Jordan Valley	14	.30

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 24, Agaba 32, Humidity readings: Amman 22 per cent. Aqaba 21 per cent.

Kumho Inc. Jordan Branch **Balance Sheet as**

	at	Dec.	31,	1980	
- Assets -					- LIABILITIES -

Description	JD	Fils	JD	Fils	Description	JD	Fils
Fixed Assets					Notes Payable	3332	()()()
Machinery & Structure	44972	103			'Accounts Payable	182410	137
Heavy Equipment	346795	631			Miscellaneous Accounts	202697	252
Tools & Instruments	12759	410			Advances Received	7 64 000	(MM)
Furniture & Fixture	26688	(191)			Foreign Borrowings	1312495	170
Cars & Equipment	102660	208			Head Office	439278	224
Total	533876	566					
Less Depreciation	47828	400				_	
Net Total			486048	100		•	
Current Assets							
Cash	233	432					
Cairo Amman Bank A/C/319	58	618					
Korean Bahrain A/C/70	617	204					
Raw Materials	ไรกากา	n7n					
Supplies	290836	746					
Total			427907	681			
Prepaid Amounts							
Prepayments for purchase	420277	897					
Prepayments for Tax.	830	OH					
Prepayments for Expenses	44727	ьП					
Prepayments for Employees	[80	180					
Total			466014	688			
Guarantees							
Guaranty Money	170160	385					
Communication Rights	2010	Offi					
C			172170	385			
Other Accounts			3	-			
Unpaid completed works							
& material on site	58819	იყი					
	1293752	172					
Total			1352571	868			
Grand Total			2904712	788	Total	2904712	788

Auditing Report

In our opinion the accompanying Balance Sheet presents fairly the financial position, and the profit & loss account present the result of the activities for Amman Branch as at December 31st, 1980.

> **Amman Office Public Accountant Othman Al Khatib**

rease to 18,000 loaves. e: of Supply signed on Thursday an The agreement provides that

agreement with an Arab company. and Amman. The daily productive a capacity of each bakery will be

6,000 loaves of bread likely to inc-

these bakeries be provided with silos to store flour at a capacity of 100,000 tonnes. For the first time. the method of transporting flour

in liquid form will be used with the aim of reducing cost, easy transportation and avoiding pollution. The cost of establishing the three bakeries will JD 2.5 million and is expected to be completed

roved by the ministry in the fiveyear development plan 1980-85.

Supply Minister Ibrahim Ayoub signed the agreement for the Jordanian government and the director general of the company signed for his company.

·Meeting discusses draft disabled law

WHAT'S GOING ON

Lectures

Recent Archaeological Linds in Syria, by Prof. Jean-Marie Dentzer of the University of Paris, at the French Cultural Centre

Film

* Borsalino And Co., colour film with Arabic sub-titles (starring) Alain Delon), at the French Cultural Centre at 7.30 p.m.

Exhibition

 Exhibition of Saudi Paintings, at the Palace of Culture. Al Hussein Youth City.

Spring recital

 Including vocal and instrumental works by Pergolesi, Mozart. Schubert, Brahms, John Duke, Wolf and Ralph Vaughan Williams, by the Amman Performers at the Haya Arts Centre at 8 p.m. Admission JD 1.

2.5 million bakery construction agreement at the Supply Ministry Thursday (Petra photo) JD 2.5 m to establish three automatic bakeries

et to establish three mechanicallycoperated bakeries in Zarqa, Irbid

NATIONAL NEWS BRIEFS

New ambassador leaves to Romania

AMMAN (Petra) - Dr. Nasser Al Batavneh left here for Bucharest on Friday to assume his duties as Jordan's ambassador to the socialist Republic of Romania.

Irbid planning causes land price surge

AMMAN (J.T.) - Land included in the re-organisational scheme introduced by Irbid Municipality recently has risen in price considerably, according to Al Ra'i newspaper. It quoted munscipal sources at Irbid's Land and Survey Department as saying that a dunum of land that sold at JD 3,000 before the reorganisation now sells for JD 18,000.

Suburban police station relocated.

AMMAN (Petra) - The Public Security Directorate has announced that the police station responsible for Amman's suburbs has moved to new premises in Bayader Wadi Seer area, on the crossroad between the King Hussein Medical Centre intersection and Na'our. Its telephone numbers are now as follows: 813851-

University rules on Aqaba station status

AMMAN (J.T.) - The council of deans of the University of Jordan has agreed to regard the Marine Science Station in Aqaba as an administrative unit of the university. The administrative decision was taken for the purpose of the application of an agrcement between the University of Jordan and Yarmouk Uni-Versity. The stations director Dr. Ahmad Abu Hilal, was apppinted as the director of the administrative unit.

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Two faces of Al

TO JUDGE by his actions in trying to resolve peacefully the U.K.-Argentinian dispute over the Falkland Islands, we think Alexander Haig is, to use words from his own repertoire, the greatest thing since sliced bread. His activist approach to conflict resolution is admirable in itself. Even. more impressive, we believe, is his, and his country's, emphatic support for last week's United Nations Security Couneil resolution calling on Argentina to withdraw from the islands and resolve the dispute with Great Britain through negotiations. We think that what Mr. Haig is doing this week is exemplary dedication to some of the finest principles that mankind has developed for the conduct and coexistence of nations.

However, we are perplexed by the inconsistency of Mr. Haig's approach to world problems. While in the Falklands he is bold, humane and squarely on the side of justice, he is strangely unable to apply these same criteria to his peacemaking attempts in the Middle East. More specifically, while he stresses the centrality of U.N. resolutions to resolve the Falklands dispute, he lacks the same resolve when it comes to U.N. resolutions about Palestine. And while he wishes to settle the Falklands dispute on the basis of the non-acceptability of the acquisition of territory by force, his government's actions in Palestine appear to work in exactly the opposite direction. This is, to say the least, most puzzling. What is it that causes Mr. Haig to develop two distinct personalities, one noble, the other not? We wish him well in his Falklands mission, and we hope that when he leaves the South Atlantic he does not leave his noble side behind.

Britain is in a bellicose mood over the Falklands but some newspapers are unsure that the islands are worth fighting for

ingoism is not the way'

By James Anderson

LONDON — Without much warning or forethought, Britain has found itself at war with Argentina

in all but name. The issue is the Falkland Islands, a remote archipelago populated by just 1.800 people. The stakes on both sides are national pride and suspected but unproven pools of oil beneath the South Atlantic.

The first shots were fired last Friday when a token force of British marines fought for three hours against Argentine invaders, killing one officer and wounding two soldiers before surrendering, according to Argentine accounts.

Argentina, which calls the islands the Malvinas and has claimed them ever since Britain established a colony there nearly 150 years ago, captured the virtuallyundefended Falklands in a swift action which caught Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher's gov-

ernment off balance. By Saturday morning the Argentine flag was flying over the Falklands and Parliament assembled in Britain on a weekend for the first time since its abortive bid in 1956 to regain control of the Suez canal. The Labour opposition and backbench members of Mrs Thatcher's own Conservative party were in a fury of patriotic indignation. She gave them a pledge: British rule would be restored.

British navy would attack

Her hard-pressed Defence Minister, John Nott, said a powerful flotilla from of the Royal navy was getting ready to put to sea to fulfill the pledge.

Over the weekend, he hardened the pledge to the point where he, and perhaps the Government, might have difficulty in remaining in office if it is not carried out.

Would he be willing, a television interviewer asked, to order a counter-invasion of the islands? yes, he replied. Would he order his navy to sink Argentina's? yes. Would Britain attack the Argentine mainland? no

The task force which set sail from Portsmouth last Monday is

more modern and powerful than Argentina's entire navy and the mightiest which Britain has sent to sea in anger for 25 years.

Mr. Nott reminded the British public that their navy was a highly-professional, all-volunteer force, surpassed in the world only by the United States and the Soviet Union. He said the task force. spearheaded by two aircraft carriers, would be strong enough to reestablish British rule in the Falklands. Asked by his television interviewer why Britain was not actually declaring war, Mr. Nott said it was a matter of fine distinction in international law. "Article 51 of the United Nations Charter, which gives complete rights to any nation to act in its own self-defence, is more than sufficient for our needs." he said.

Logistics difficult

But military prospects in an expanded conflict were unclear. The harsh, windswept islands are as close to the South Pole as Britain is to the North Pole. The distance between Britain and the Falklands, 6,900 nautical miles, is a formidable logistic obstacle and it will take the task force at least two weeks to teach the area. The British navy, which once dominated the oceans of the world and found the Falklands a useful coaling depot, is now geared largely to NATO's nuclear rivalary with the Soviet Union and defensive operations around Europe.

Mr. Nott's clearest indication of how he thought a conflict might develop came in this reply: "We must see in the next few weeks what impact there will be upon the Argentinian junta if the public opinion in Argentina finds that they re losing their navy and other matters which the junta depend upon for their position. I think we must see what the impact on Argentina will be of military action against their assets." Although not completely clear, Mr. Noti's reference to "assets" appeared to mean warships.

80 per cent favour force

A hasty poll by a London radio station on Sunday found that alm-

questioned wanted the Govemment to use military force to recapture the Falklands. No more accurate measure of the country's stomach for a fight was possible in the crush of events over the weekend. But most of the popular newspapers are fierce for war. This morning's Sun splashed the front page headline "we'll sink them" and the Daily Mail proclaimed "Britain will fight." The Times, organ of the British establishment, headed its editorial we are all Falklanders now". It said the islands had been invaded by enemy forces and "those forces

But the Financial Times, the business community's journal, said that "jingoism is not the way" and argued that "there is no point in large expenditure of force to reassert a right which ... we have not the means to sustain in the long run." The liberal Guardian said Britain's right to the Flaklands was not in doubt, but the islands did not represent "any strategic or commercial British interest worth fighting over."

must be removed."

Autonomy by Purge

ronage.

sical terror," bribery and other

nefarious means, the PLO cor-

rupted the election process in

the 1976 municipal voting,

with the result that most of the

mayors who came to power

were unacceptably pro-PLO.

And never mind that the Israeli

government at the time applauded the outcome as a tri-

A third premise is that there

are "moderate" Palestinians in

large numbers ready to step

forward if they can be freed of

PLO intimidation. To this end.

Israeli security forces have

been busy jailing the most vig-

orous PLO sympathisers, placing others under town arrest,

practicising their own brand of

intimidation. Meanwhile, Mil-

son practices a form of bribery

by setting up a network of "vil-

lage leagues," arming their

members and endowing them

with authority to hand out bui-

lding permits and other pat-

umph of democracy.

The Milson treatise

By Philip Geyelin

WASHINGTON - The off-

icial Israeli line is that, with a

cease-fire still holding across

the Lebanese border, the PLO

deliberately provoked the lat-

est outbreak of violence in the

occupied West Bank territory

in order to show its muscle

somewhere. Arab diplomats

Other analysts tie the Israeli

crackdown to this month's final

Israeli withdrawal from Sinai.

and the uprooting of the Israeli

settlement at Yamit under the

peace treaty with Egypt. They

see it as Prime Minister Men-

achem Begin's way of rea-

ssuring traumatised Israelis

that the West Bank and its doz-

ens of Jewish settlements will

never go the same way as the

But whatever dictated the

timing, the most authoritative

explanation for the sacking of

three Arab mayors and the

heavy reinforcement of Israeli

occupation forces has been

readily available since last May

in an article in Commentary

magazine. Its author: Men-

achem Milson, then a professor

of Arabic literature at Hebrew

University in Jerusalem and

Milson, a disarmingly con-

genial fellow, was handpicked

for his current job by Israeli

Defence Minister Ariel Sha-

ron, who, in turn, is the strong

man in the Begin government

on matters having to do with

So Milson's treatise on

"How to Make Peace with the

Palestinians" is to Israeli policy

on that issue what U.S. Amb-

assador Jeane Kirkpatrick's

1979 treatise on "Dic-

tatorships and Double Sta-

ndards" -- also in Com-

mentary -- is to Reagan adm-

inistration policy on tot-

alitarian vs. authoritarian gov-

Directly at Odds

At this critical juncture, it

cries out for careful reading --

the more so since Milsonism is

directly at odds with everything

we know about the Reagan

administration's plans for advancing the Camp David peace

Soon after the return of the

Sinai. Washington wants to

press on with the Camp David

talks on "autonomy" for the

West Bank and Gaza, acc-

ording to reliable authorities.

This means trying to bring rep-

resentatives of the Palestinians

into the discussion -- and per-

haps even the PLO itself, if it

could first be prevailed upon to

recognise Israel's right to exist.

But Milson, true to his pre-

scriptions almost a year ago.

has been playing an entirely

different game, based on cat-

egorically different premises.

since he took office last Nov-

ember. His first premise is that

the PLO is implacably hostile. His second is that, by "phy-

ernments: holy writ.

process.

now the "civil administrator"

of the West Bank.

occupied territories.

Sinai territory.

contend that the Israelis sta-

rted it for a similar reason.

on how to eradicate PLO

It is Milson's simple purpose to eliminate every possible vestige of PLO influence on the West Bank. The removal of the three mayors is no more than a predictable expression of that purpose, and almost certainly not the end of Milson's municipal purges. With his own "moderates" ultimately in key Palestinian leadership roles, Milson would be pleased to proceed with "autonomy."

That Egypt's President Hosni Mubarak would not be is certain. And what of the third party to Camp David, the United States? Milson has a seductive answer. In Commentary, he plays nicely to the Reagan administration's hopes for a "pro-Western strategic alliance in the Middle East." He argues that it requires winning over Jordan and Saudi Arabia to the Camp David formula.

This, in turn, can be done only by " legitimation." Milson-style, of the Palestinian representation on the West Bank -- which means "freeing the population of the territories from the grip of the PLO." For this, Milson insists upon "the support and cooperation of the United States."

How? "The way for the United States to help," wrote Milson, "is not to demand further concessions from Israel in order to satisfy the PLO." How the United States could accept the role of co-conspirator in this plot while remaining in the good graces of even the most moderate Arabs, Milson did not feel it necessary to explain.

But that clearly is the Begin government's scheme. Keeping the United States from getting caught up in it will require a lot more than the expressions of "regret" and the appeals for "restraint" that have so far constituted the administration's response to violence in the West Bank.

-- The Washington Post

. 26.4/26.0

.. 141.4/142.2 .. 130.8/131.6

Al Anba

Call for international conference

AL RA'I: His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan's interview with the Soviet news agency APN clearly pointed out the importance of developing Soviet-Arab political relations because they constitute an effective factor in the establishment of peace in the Middle East. Prince Hassan's statement stressed the importance of the Soviet role in the peace process. This was manifested when the Prince reiterated support for President Brezhnev's proposal on holding an international conference to discuss the Middle East problems and the Arab-Israeli conflict and for his call to change the Indian ocean into a peaceful zone.

Prince Hassan also criticised the United States for hesitating to denounce and condemn the Israeli aggression explaining that this U.S. role encouraged Israel to escalate its attacks against the region and to proceed with its attempts to impose the so-called civilian administration on the West Bank. He stressed that Israel was trying to follow South Africa's example of imposing by force the racist laws on the Africans.

It is needless to say that the U.S. role has created a chasm

ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

between the region and the establishment of peace by its unconditional and unlimited support for Israel. There is no Arab who can accept this U.S. single-handed role of hegemony in the region because it has been proved to be biased and a complete failure. Time has come for the Soviet Union to put its weight in the peace process particularly because President Brezhnev's proposals have acclaimed Arab support and because they give the international community the chance to shoulder its responsibilities in the establishment of real peace in the region.

Prince Hassan also stressed that Jerusalem is the centre of the issue and the key to peace and stability. This assertion lays down an indispensible condition for the success of any international efforts exerted to secure peace and stability in the region.

Merely a consolation

AL DUSTOUR: The Non-Aligned Movement's coordination

Bureau has ended its conference in Kuwait by issuing a statement reiterating the non-aligned countries support for the Palestinian issue and the legitimate rights of the Palestinian people. The statement has also condmned Israel's policy of aggression and expansion, the U.S. policy supporting Israel and called on the United Nations and the Security Council to work towards the establishment of just and lasting peace by putting an end to Israel's arrogance. Although we highly appreciate this stand supporting the Pal-

estinian rights, we clearly believe that these statements are no longer effective against the fierce Israeli aggression. We ask: What are the practical results which the non-aligned countries expect this statement to achieve as long as they have not implemented one single resolution adopted by the United Nations General Assembly to punish Israel for annexing the Golan Heights? Do the Arab states that participated in drawing up the

aviour of Israel and the United States? Non-Aligned countries' support will never be the alternative to a strong and effective Arab stand. The support of our friends will remain to be merely a "consolation".

non-aligned statement expect to see any real change in the beh-

JORDAN TELEVISION

Koran 5:50 6:20 Rainbow That's incredible Local Programme . Local Program News in Arabic Wrestling ... Arabic Film News in Arabic
Arabic Film Continues

CHANNEL 6

CHANNEL 3

6:00	French Programme
7:00	News in French
7:30	News in Hebrew
7:45	Varieties
8:00	News in Arabic
8:30	To The Manor Born
9:10	Your Life in Their Hand
9:30	Saturday Variety Show
10:00) News in English
10:15	Feature Film:
	"Lady in Dark"
	,

RADIO JORDAN

855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz.

7:01	Morning Show
7:30	News Bulletin
7:49	Morning Show
10:00	News Summary
	Eternal Jerusalem
11:00	Sizo off
12:00	Sign off
	Pop Session
	News Summary
13:03	Radiotheque
14:00	
14:10	Instrumentals
14:30	Over a Cup of Tea
	Concert Hour
16:60	News Summary
	Instrumentals
	Old Fave inites
17:00	Jordan Weckly
17:30	Special Feature

18:60 18:30 Play of the Week ... Top Twenty Country Music 19:30 20:30 21:00 . The Proms

BBC WORLD SERVICE 639, 720, 1413 KHz

04:00 Newsdesk 04:30 New Waves 04:45 outsu Newsoesk 04:50 New Waves 04:45
Interlude 4:55 Reflections 05:00 World
News: British Press Review 05:15
About Britain 05:30 New Ideas 05:40
Book Choice 05:45 The World Today 96:00 Newsdesk 96:30 Terry Wogan's Album Time 97:00 World News: News about Britain 97:15 From the Weeklies 07:36 Classical Record Review 07:48 lections 08:15 The Moon and Sixpence 68:30 These Musical Islands 09:00 World News; British Press Review 09:15 The World Today 09:36 Interlude 09:40 Look Ahead 09:45 Science in Action 10:15 New Ideas 10:25 The Week in Wales 10:30 Haunted II:00 World News; News about Britain 11:15 About Britain 11:25 The Week in Wales II:30 Meridian 12:00 Radio Newsreel 12:15 Anything Goes 12:45 Sports Rou 13:00 World News: Commentary Network U.K. 13:30 Gloria Hun ntary 13:15 14:00 Saturday Special 15:00 Radio Newsreel 15:15 Saturday Special 16:00 urday Special 17:80 World News; Book Choice 17:15 Famous Planiers of the Choice 17:15 Femous Planists of the Past C 17:45 Sports Round-Up 18:00 World News; News About Britain 18:15 Radio Newsteel 18:30 Play of the Week: In a Strange Land 19:30 Terry Wogan's Album Time 20:00 World News: Com-Abum Time 28:00 World News; Commentary 20:15 Goods Books 20:30 These Musical Islands 21:00 Letters From Everywhere 21:15 The Brotherhood of Bress 21:30 People and Policis 22:00 World News; From Our Own Correspondent 22:30 New Ideas 22:40 Reflections 22:45 Sports Round-up 23:00 World News; Commentary 23:15 Letterhox 23:20 Meetiding

VOICE OF AMERICA

and This Week 15:30 Press Conference USA 16:00 Special English: News, Words, and Their Stories, Feature: Sbort Stories 16:30 New York, New York 17:00 Weekend 18:00 Special English 18:30 New York, New York 17:00 Weekend 18:00 Special English 18:30 The York 19:00 Press Conference of The Week 19:00 Press Conference on The Week 19:00 News and This Week 19:30 Press Conference USA 20:00 Special English; news/words and their stories 20:15 Music USA (Jazz) 21:00 Weekend

AMMAN AIRPORT

NOTE: The following airport arrivals and departures are provided to the Jor-dan Times by the Alia information dep artment at Amman Airport, Tel. 92205-6. They should always be verified

ARRIVALS: . Cairo (EA) 8:55 9:00 9:00 9:30 Lamaca (CY) Dhahrar Karachi, Dube Doha, Bahrain Beirur Abu Dhabi 11:10 Riyadh (Saudia) 16:45 17:00 17:45 17:45 gen, Athens (SK Copenhagen, Athens ... New York, Vienna Rome (Alitalia) 17:45 18:05 19:05 20:25 29:39 29:39 01:09 n, Athens (SAS) .. Camo (FA . Cairo (EA) Baghdad Cairo DEPARTURES: 3:00 5:15

Frankfort (LH) 6:45 7:**9**0 Agaba Cairo (EA) Berrut (MEA)

10:00 11:00 11:30 .. Cairo 11:45 Geneva, Brussels Athens, Zurich (Swissair) 11:55 12:00 13:15 19:00 19:30 . Kuwait Jeddah .. Cairc 20:15 Bachdad Cairo (EA) 21:15 01:15

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72679

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EMERGENCIES

DOCTORS: Suleiman Al Dabbubi ... 76751/812568 Isam Al Hawamdeh 33029/62295 Ghassan Al Faqih Yabya Al Tarifi Marwan Al Azzam PHARMACIES: Al Arabiyah Al Kubrah : Al Hikmah Al Mahamah Al Ja'fari TAXIS: Taxina Al Neil

44660 44433 23024 Tariq 65294 66503 **CULTURAL CENTRES** . 36147-8

French Cultural Centr Goethe Institute Soviet Cultural Centre 44203 Snanish Cultural Centre 240.49 Turkish Cultural Centre Hava Arts Centre 65195 Al Hussein Youth City 41793 Y.W.M.A. Amman Municipal Library 36111 University of Jordan Library 843555

CHURCHES Church of the Assumptiation (Re Catholic) Jabai Luweibdeh 37440

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic) Church of the Ann Orthodox) Abdali 23511 Anglican Church (Church of the Redmer) Jabol Amı an 23585 an Orthodox Church Ashrafieh 75261 an Catholic Church Ashrafich International Church (Inter-

Baptist School in Shmeisani 63249 DRAVER TIMES

LUVIEU I IMEA	
Fajr	47
Sonrise 5:	11
Dhuhr 11:	38
Asr3:	13
Maghreb 6:	03
'Isha 7	27

SERVICE CLUBS

Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Grand Palace Hotel, 1.30 p.m.
Lions Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 1.30 p.m.
Ratury Club. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00 p.m.
Philadelphia Retury Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday lm, 1:30 p.m.

MUSEUMS

Military Measure: Collection of milita alia dating from the Arab

Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amman Opening hours 9 a.m.-4 p.m., Sunday to Closed on Saturdays. Tel. 64240.
Folklore Museum: Jewelry and cos-

tumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 51760

Saudi riyal

Lebanese pound

Syrian pound

weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. closed Tuesdays. Tel. 37169 Jordan Archa m Archaeological Museum: Has an lent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m.

UAE dirhar

Omani riyal ... U.S. dollar ... U.K. sterling

W. German mark

4.00 p.m.). Closed on Tuesdays, Jordan National Gallery: Contains a col-lection of paintings, ceramics, and scu-lpture by contemporary Islamic artists Papular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to 150 year old items such as costumes, rom most of the Musli collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 s.m. 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. - 6.00 p.m. Closed on Tuesdays, Tel. 30128

LOCAL EXCHANGE RATES

1013/1020

.... 350/352 .. 612.3/616

. 145/145.9

... 177.8/178.9

USEFL	JL TELEF
bulance (government)	
il Defence rescue	
dan Electric Power Co. (emergency) nicipal water service (emergency)	
ice headquarters	
deh roving patrol rescue police.	(English spoken)

102.2/102.5 70.5/71.2 57.4/57.9

. 638/646.6 . 1222/1225

. 330.1/335.8

PHONE NUMBERS

Civil Defence rescue	61111
lordan Electric Power Co. (emergency)	
Municipal water service (emergency)	
Police headquarters	
Najdeh roving patrol rescue police.	
24 hours a day for emergency	21111, <i>37777</i>
Airport information (ALIA)	
Jordan Television	
Radio Jordan	74111

MARKET PRICES

Potatoes (imported)	120
Marrow (small)	_ 200
Viarrow (large)	
Cheumber (small)	
Cucumber (large)	
tot Green Pepper	880
weet Pepper	600
Cabbage	. 100
Onions (dry)	150
meen onions	100
oinach	
Coconut (piece)	
Beans	
Sananas	
Benanas (Mukammar)	
Post	222
Garlic	
Green Almonds per ½ pounds	480
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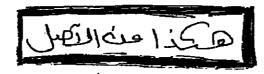
Firstaid, fire, police Jordan and Middle East trunk calls

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apanese yen

Belgian franc

150 100 150 100 250 150 800 500 80 120 80 80 280 400 220 180 300 150 Parsley 450 280



(BBC), did not indicate which oil

companies were holding out, alt-

hough London market analysts

say that the Anglo-Dutch Shell

group took a lead in saying Nigeria's price of \$35.50 was too high-

OPEC has yet to say whether it

will convene an emergency mee-

ting to put the companies on a

supply blacklist. Industry sources

in Indonesia Thursday said OPEC

threats to do so had apparently not

yet given much of a boost to Nig-

Lagos industry sources say out-

put fell below 700,000 barrels

daily late in March. It should be at

least 800,000 in April, somewhat

better but way below target, acc-

ording to the Middle East Eco-

nomic Survey, a well-informed

London market analysts said

that other ways to help Nigeria

hold the price line could include

Saudi financial aid and a cut in

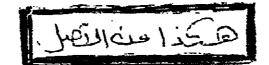
Saudi Arabia's own oil output to

tighten the market and push rel-

uctant buyers back to Nigeria.

erian sales.

trade newsletter.



Third successive bad grain harvest

Moscow expects to import 42 tonnes of grain in '82

MOSCOW (R) — An agricultural expert said Friday that the Soviet Union, which is expected to import a record 42 mil-

Reforms could turn Moscow into a wheat exporter again, academician Vladimir Tikhonov told the daily Sotsialisticheskaya Industria.

But he indicated that the problems of Soviet agr-

iculture, which has suffered its third successive badgrain harvest, were deeply rooted and would take years to solve.

The size of the last harvest is secret but the U.S.

Department of Agriculture estimated a yield of 175 million tonnes. Foreign experts in Moscow said it could be as low as 140 million tonnes.

Mr. Tikhonov said suggestions that the high level of imports meant that the Soviet Union could not

grow enough grain for its needs were "a vulgar distortion of the essence of the problem."

He indicated however that too much grain was being used as cattle fodder, adding: "We ought to make a decisive change in the structure of grain pro-

duction and imports..."

Such a move would enable the Soviet Union to stop importing wheat and even return to the world market

as a wheat exporter, Mr. Tikhonov said.

This could happen only when the Soviet Union reorganised sowing patterns to grow different crops in areas where soil and weather conditions were suitable. This has been frustrated by lack of facilities to market and transport produce between regions.

Mr. Tikhonov said a fifth of the annual crop of grain, fruit and vegetables was lost during harvesting, transport and storage.

lion tonnes of grain this year, should drastically reorganise its

"The weakness and undeveloped state of these... reduce to zero a significant part of our eff-

production methods.

orts in arable and livestock farming," he added.

More losses were caused by overcentralisation of
processing plants and unreliable Soviet farm equipment. Many types of farm machinery produced

abroad did not exist in the Soviet Union.

He blamed rising purchasing power for much of the Soviet Union's problem with food shortages. Food supplies were expanding by around one per cent a year, while purchasing power was expanding nearly seven times as fast.

Western experts said the interview reinforced their view that the Soviet Union would continue to be a big food and grain importer for the foreseeable future. But they said this year's expected imports of 42 million tonnes were unlikely to increase substantially, because of the limitations of the Soviet ports and railways. Grain handling capacity is about

50 n. Jion tonnes a year.

The experts expect the 1981 harvest to remain secret until the Communist Party central committee discusses agriculture and approves a food production programme, probably in the autumn.

Figures for the yield of between 150 and 158 million tonnes have been quoted at public lectures in Murmansk and other cities.

In February Soviet sources who have accurately given the grain harvest in the past told Reuters the 1981 figure was about 170 million tonnes.

4 OPEC ministers to meet in Vienna

LONDON (R) — Nigerian President Shehu Shagari has said OPEC warnings have led some oil companies to retract threats to stop buying Nigerian oil but others are still holding out, according to Lagos radio.

Saudi Arabia and other mem-

bers of OPEC--the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting. Countries--say the group may have to call an emergency meeting to impose sanctions on oil companies that persist in trying to make revenues-starved Nigeria cut its price.

The Saudis fear that a Nigerian price cut would wreck an effort to prevent prices plunging generally in the current glut. They fear other OPEC members would follow Nigeria and undermine the reference price of \$34 for a barrel of Saudi oil.

Lagos radio's account of President Shagari's remarks Wednesday night, monitored by the British Broadcasting Corporation

was announced Thursday.

Turkish construction firms.

rican Express.

Turkish companies win Saudi contract

ANKARA, Turkey (A.P.) - Two Turkish companies have won a

A spokesman for the Turkish companies, Kutlutas and Enka Hol-

The complex is to be built near the western Saudi city of Medina

The joint-venture of Kutlutas-Enka is being supported by a \$97

dings, said this was the largest single contract ever awarded to

and it will consist of 2.084 individual houses, the spokesman said.

million credit from a consortium of Western banks led by the Ame-

\$384 million contract to build a housing complex in Saudi Arabia, it

U.S. wholesale prices fall

WASHINGTON (R) — U.S. wholesale prices have fallen in successive months for the first time in 15 years, the government said Fri-

The drop in both March and February was by 0.1 per cent. Lower food and energy prices were mainly responsible, the Labour Department said.

The department said wholesale prices had gone up only 4.1 per cent in the past year.

At the same time, unemployment has reached nine per cent, as high as at any time since World War II and most economists believe the level will rise.

They are divided as to whether the worst of the recession is over.

IDB named to hold IMF asset

WASHINGTON (A.P.) — The International Monetary Fund (IMF) announced on Wednesday that it has authorised the Islamic Development Bank (IDB) in Jeddah, Saudi Arabia, to hold and trade "Special Drawing Rights" (SDRS), the asset issued by the IMF to take a place in the reserves held by governments.

Only the IMF itself, its 145 member governments and 11 other inter-governmental banks and funds are authorised to deal in SDRS. Over 21 billion have been issued. They were quoted Wednesday as worth \$1.11244 each, a figure based on the daily market value of the dollar, the yen, the British pound, the French franc and the West German mark.

Their major use is for settling accounts among governments and the other institutions authorised to hold them, with the advantage that SDRS fluctuate less widely than individual national currencies. At the end of 1980, the IMF estimated that only 4 per cent of the world's reserves was being held in IMF drawing rights including SDRS, and 57 per cent in gold—which they were originally intended to replace.

SDRS would take a more important place in the world's monetary system if they could be more freely traded among banks and businesses, but IMF member governments have shown no sign of ailowing that to take place.

Oil companies reversing plans to cut liftings, Shagari says

VIENNA (A.P) — OPEC President Mana Said Oteiba will chair here on April 20 a meeting of the oil ministers of Venezuela. Algeria and Indonesia to discuss the current situation on international oil markets, the OPEC secretariat announced Thursday.

At their last conference here march 18-19, oil ministers of the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) decided to set up a commission comprising the three ministers to supervise production cuts decreed by the meeting.

In a move to halt pressure on oil prices worldwide, the ministers agreed to limit production of the 13-nation cartel to 18 million barrels a day, but Saudi Arabia announced a separate cutback of its oil output.

The commission findings will be submitted to the next ministerial conference in Quito, Ecuador, on May 20.

The OPEC secretariat here pointed out the meeting here would be a session of the committee, not of all OPEC ministers.

Before the official announcement here, the

Venezuelan Venpres News Agency quoted Energy and Mines Minister Humberto Calderon Berti as saying that OPEC would hold an extraordinary meeting in Vienna April 20.

Dr. Oteiba, oil minister of the United Arab Emirates, Sunday was quoted as saying the followup committee was due to examine market conditions and devise means of countering oil majors allegedly still stockpilling crude oil.

RESTAURANTS & BARS

RESTAURANT CHINA

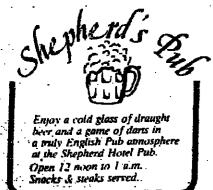
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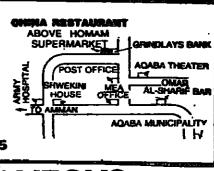


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FINLANDIA

Noah upsets Borg at Monte Carlo

MONTE CARLO (A.P.) — Argentine Guillermo Vilas and his

compatriot Jose-Luis Clerc both

posted straight set victories Friday

and will now face each other in a

semifinal match at the \$300,000

Monte Carlo Grand Prix tennis

Vilas, the No. 2 seed, raced past

unseeded Pablo Arraya of Peru

6-1, 6-1 in his quarterfinal con-test. Clerc, seeded third, advanced

with a 6-0, 6-3 defeat of unseeded

The two Argentines meet for

the tenth time of their careers in

the semifinals Saturday. Vilas has

won six of his previous nine enc-

ounters against Clerc, the last time.

at the Masters in New York in

Saturday's other semifinal pits

top seed Ivan Lendl of Cze-

choslovakia against France's

Yannick Noah, the No. 6 seed who

upset Bjorn Borg Thursday. Lendl

advanced with a quarterfinal vic-

tory Thursday over Hungary's

The 23-year-old, Clerc, ranked

fifth, won his quarterfinal match

against Orantes with two con-

secutive aces after a disputed line

call disrupted play for more than

Balazs Taroczy.

Manual Orantes of Spain.

tournament.

ISPORTS

Nicklaus charges into the lead at Augusta

AUGUSTA, Georgia (A.P.) -Jack Nicklaus, the only man to win this title five times, charged into a three-stroke lead in the raindelayed first round of the 46th Masters tournament Friday.

The trim, 42-year-old Nicklaus was the only player in the clubhouse with a sub-par round. And with 18 players left on the

course when he finished, it appeared no one would match it. "You've got to be fortunate to

1-over after completing his round.

Nicklaus, who hasn't won a toumament since 1980 when he took both the U.S. Open and PGA championships, had warned bef-

Aaltonen wins first leg of Kenya Safari Rally

NAIROBI, Kenya (A.P.) — Rauno Aaltonen, a Finn driving for Opel, exploited the rear axle problems of the Nissan team Friday and won the rain-lashed first leg of the Kenya Safari Rally.

Aaltonen's Opel Ascona 400 arrived back in Nairobi at 1:45 p.m. (1045 GMT), the first car to return from the first-leg run to the Indian Ocean port city of Mombasa. He held first place in the table with the loss of only 97 penalty points for the trip.

Arriving only seconds behind nim was Opel teammate Walter Rohrl of West Germany, also in an Ascona 400, who was in third place on the table with 128 penalty points.

Shekhar Mehta of Japan's Nissan Works team was the third car

summit from the Nepal side in 1963.

unclimbed ridge, on the east-northeast side.

Sunday luncheon buffet

the coffee shop

U.S. team arrives at

Everest to start climb

PEKING (A.P.) - A U.S. expedition has arrived at Mt. Everest to

climb the world's highest mountain from the north wall, on the

Chinese side, China's official Xinhua news agency reported Friday.

ttaker of Tacoma, Wash., whose twin brother, Jim, reached the

The team hopes to reach the 29,029-foot summit in mid-May.

Another expedition, a British group led by Chris Bonington, already

has set up its base camp at 17,060 feet for its attempt on Everest's last

The 17-member China-Everest 82 expedition is led by Lou Whi-

ore the start of play that Jack was embarrassing levels. back, a different Nicklaus than the one who missed the cut in his last two tournament appearances.

Nicklaus, one of 36 golfers to start play at 7:30 a.m. in order to finish the first round after bard rain halted play, was at even par when he hit his first ball on the

Not since 1973, when the third round was washed out, had rain interrupted the tradition-rich Masters.

Rain gear replaced the bright coloured outfits of both golfers and fans, and scores soared--sometimes reaching

rall second place with the loss of 113 points. The normally ebullient Mehta looked dejected upon his return. A broken differential in the rear

Opel, of West Germany, first brought its Ascona 400s to Kenya in 1980 and said it would take three years to win the safari. This would be Opel's year, and the two-car team is tipped as the favourite by Autonews, the journal of the Automobile Association of

The betting odds of local bookmakers also shifted from hometown ace Mehta to Aaltonen dur-

back to Nairobi, about a half-hour after the Opel duo. He was in ove-

axle of his Datsun Violet GT cost him the lead in his with Aaltonen.

Kenya.

Triumph, turmoil behind, Zatopek helps run sports programmes

kayoes, and one draw.

Pedroza loses

Thursday.

round.

WBA junior crown

to Japan's Watanabe

TOKYO (A.P.) - Japanese cha-

llenger Jiro Watanabe won a

15-round unanimous decision

over Panama's Rafael Pedroza to

earn the World Boxing Ass-

ociation's junior bantamweight

crown in his first title bid in Osaka

and right combinations to the

Panamanian's head and body, was

in command from the opening

American referee Larry Roz-

adella raised Watanabe's hand

before the score cards were turned

for the Japanese challenger. The

other two judges, also Americans.

favoured Watanabe with 149-136

defence of the WBA junior ban-

tamweight title he won from Arg-

entina's Gi Tavao Dallas last Dec.

5, never overcame Watanabe's

fast footwork and accurate one-

For Watanabe, also 27, it was

his 15th victory, which includes 10

knockouts, against one defeat. It

was his first WBA championship

against 26 triumphs including 22

The loss was Pedroza's eighth

Pedroza, 27, making his first

and 148-138 scorecards.

two combinations.

Rozadella scored it 150 to 135

Watanabe, throwing fast left

PRAGUE, Czechoslovakia (A.P.) - In the 1950s, he was one of the fastest men in the world over long distances, but today, fourt-time Olympic champion Emil Zatopek doesn't run very much. He says the pollution and traffic bother him.

Statistics will show that Fuzzy

Zoeller, one of the last of 40 pla-

yers to finish all 18 holes, was in

the lead with an even-par 72 over

the 6,905-yard course that played

"Fuzzy's round was equivalent

Zoeller's lead was at best a pre-

carious one. Among the 36 str-

anded players on the course were

defending champion Tom Wat-

son. Craig Stadler, Jack Nicklaus,

Jerry Pate, South African Gary

Player, Seve Balleuteros of Spain,

Tom Kite and David Graham of

Stadler and Watson were 1

under par after nine holes, Nic-

Graham, ballesteros and Kite

were 1-% ver where they marked

their balls, while Arnold Palmer,

who finished nine holes, was at

2-over. Pate was also at 2 over par

Of those who finished, Peter

Oosterhuis of Britain, Morris

Hatalsky, Gay Brewer, the 1967

Masters champion, and Greg

Mark Hayes and Ben Crenshaw

had 74s, while nine players were at

3-over 75, including Lee Trevino

and Dan Edwards, the winner last

week at the Greater Greensboro

Norman of Australia were bun-

ched at 1-over-par 7.3

to a 58," said John Mahaffey, who

finished just eight holes.

much longer.

Australia.

klaus even after 10.

after nine holes.

At the 1952 games in Helsinki, Zatopek astounded the sports world with his triple gold in the distance events—the 5,000 metres, 10,000 metres and marathon. His churning, tortured style was in direct contrast to that of Finland's Paavo Nurmi, who had earlier ruled the events with a relaxed str-

At 59, Zatopek has survived Olympic fame and political turmoil to become a fixture in Czechoslovakia's Physical Training Union .Archives Bureau.

He's a low-key salesman of sport in a country where, he says, "If you are a first violin in the symphony orchestra, why you're somebody.

"But if you're a great wing man on the football team, well he shrugs his slim shoulders and makes a wry face.

The Czechoslovaks, however, are proud of their top tennis players, and Zatopek's modest office in Strahova stadium.

Zatopek's face still twists as he describes some of his latest troubles--his favourite jogging path: cut off when a bridge was washed out in a flood and was not repaired.

"Now I have to jog in traffic to get to work," he said. "I don't do ics are out of bounds.

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it. I go by bicycle. This traffic... no

good for your health." Even the entreaties of his wife Dana, a gold medallist in the javelin throw, don't always work. She always says Emil, come jog

a little, but I don't do it so much." Zatopek's current problems with busy streets are trilles compared with his worries 11 years ago. He was expelled from the Communist Party and discharged from the army because he had spoken out in favour of the Alexander Dubcek government.

He and his wife live in an attractive home in the suburban hills, not far from President and Party Chief Gustav Husak For interviewers, political top-

history of the European Cup. CSKA led mighty Bayern Munich of West Germany 3-0 in their semifinal first leg in Sofia and looked red-hot favourites to travel to

Bayern's hopes of a fourth Eur-

But the Bulgarians' hopes were suddenly dimmed. Bernd

56th, was leading 30-15 in the one hour and 20 minutes. "I think I will need to work hard and play very hard to beat Vilas," Clerc said. "But I have a chance to win the tournament. My concentration is good now."

Clere's aces ended the match after

Vilas, Clerc to meet in semifinals

final game before a close shot by

Clerc. The Judge called it in and

Orantes protested. After a lengthy

delay, the judges reaffirmed the

decision and the crowd roared its

disapproval at the Monte Carlo

Clerc danced at the baseline

while the crowd died down and

then slammed in the aces to put it

away at 6-3 in his third triumph

over Orantes in five career enc-

The Argentine needed only 23

minutes to post his 6-0 shutout in

the first set, allowing Orantes on

the scoreboard only seven times.

second set before Orantes finally

won for the first time in the 11th

game of the match when he broke

Clerc held service after two dou-

Orantes held service for a sec-

ond time in the match to pull wit-

hin 5-3 and looked like he might

have a chance in the next game

before the disputed call and

Clerc built up a 4-0 lead in the

Country Club.

Clerc's serve

game to trail at 4-2.

ble faults to lead at 5-2.

Clerc and Vilas, once close friends, have had personal problems since Clerc declined to play for Argentina in the Davis Cup a month ago against France, which defeated the South American nat-The 29-year-old Vilas took 75

minutes to eliminate Arraya, a 20-year-old ranked 92nd

"It was the first time 'I ve plaved him," said Vilas, who is ranked fourth. "I played safely in the beginning. It's always difficult to play someone you've never played before because you don't know their style."

Orantes held service in the next The poetry-writing Argentine, who published a second volume of his works last year, has not lost a The seventh game was close. going to deuce six times before set in his advancement at this

major clay court tournament. Vilas is trying for a second title at Monte Carlo. He won the toumament in 1976 and made it to the finals last year against American Jimmy Connors. Vilas and Connors each had won two sets in

Jose-Luis Clerc,.. Wins with two that title match before it was can-

celled because of a thunderstorm, It was never rescheduled. In his first set against Arraya Vilas only missed three points as

he built up a 4-0 lead. Arrava broke Vilas serve to love in the next game for his only win in that set. The Argentine took it upon his first set point with

a winning overhead smash. The young Peruvian, who lost to Borg in a quarterfinal match, entered the tournament on a lucky loser's card after Poland's Wonek.

CSKA Sofia shock Bayern Munich in European Cup

LONDON (R) — For 27 minutes Wednesday night, Bulgarian soccer champions CSKA Sofia were on the threshold of one of the most astonishing results in the 27-year

Rotterdam for the final on May

opean Cup triumph were as black as the night sky after Georgi Dimitrov (seven minutes), Tsvetan Yonchev (13) and Rade Zdravko (18) scored in a furious opening

Duernberger pulled one back in

Dieter Hoeness further reduced the deficit five minutes later.

CSKA, conquerers of English holders Liverpool in the quarter finals, eventually emerged 4-3 victors. But they are likely to find that is not enough in the second leg in Munich on April 21.

Bayern, champions of Europe in the years 1974-76, were the last non-English winners of the trophy and Aston Villa could still continue that remarkable run.

But the English champions face stern test of their ambitions in Brussels in two weeks' time after squeezing past Anderlecht 1-0.

The Belgians have already accounted for Italy's Juventus and Red Star Belgrade of Yugoslavia. A repeat of that kind of form

GRAND OPENING TODAY

the 27th minute and substitute could mark the end of England's recent cup domination.

> Spanish League leaders Barcelona must be satisfied with the turn of events in the Cup-Winners Cup.

They drew 1-1 against Tottenham Hotspur in London and can now look forward to winning the trophy for the second time without having to play away from

The Nou Camp Stadium, where they meet Tottenham in the second leg, is also the venue for the final itself on May 12.

Barcelona, who had Estella sent off in a torrid battle last night, willalso be well pleased with the outcome of the other semifinal in the Soviet Union where Belgium's Standard Liege pulled off a shock 1-0 win over Dynamo Tbilisi, the

But, not for the first time this season, it was Sweden's Gothenburg who provided the biggest upset in the UEFA Cup.

Gothenburg held Kaiserslautern to a 1-1 draw away from home and must be confident of adding the West Germans to a list of conquests which includes Valencia of Spain, Romania's Dynamo Bucharest and Sturm Graz of Austria.

Kaiserslautern had beaten the legendary Spaniards Real Madrid 6-3 in the quarter finals.

West Germany's interest in the UEFA Cup is not over. Hamburg should have little difficulty in avenging the 2-1 defeat they suffered against Radnicki Nis in Yug-

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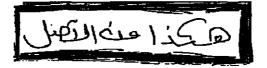
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Chariots of Fire takes British celluloid morale to new heights

To make matters worse, the

popularity of the cinema in Britain

continues to dwindle under com-

petition from television and video.

Last year, the worst on record,

only 86 million cinema tickets

were sold, 16 million fewer than in

Chariots of Fire, approached

every major source of British film

In the end, the film which won

four Oscars with the story of two

1924 Olympic heroes was fin-

anced jointly by 20th Century Fox

and an Egyptian shipping firm.

Its budget was \$6 million, roughly half the average cost of Ame-

British financiers thought the

film a non-starter because it had

no big stars, the subject of sport

had no general appeal, and it was

Yet, says Puttnam's company

Enigma, the film is soon expected

to gross \$25 million at box offices

in the U.S., the biggest film mar-

Breaking into the American

market with Chariots of Fire was a

finance without success.

rican films.

too British.

ket in the world.

David Puttnam, producer of

By Alisen Maitland

LONDON - The glittering success of "Chariots of Fire," the first British movie to win the top Oscar for 14 years, is a welcome boost to the morale of the struggling British film industry.

"The fact that a British film without any recognised stars and with a totally indigenous subject matter has actually broken through in America will open the doors to a new audience," said Sir Richard Attenborough, one of Britain's best-known directors.

"Of course that means a tremendous amount to the financiers' in this country."

Despite good studio facilities and talented technicians and camera crews, the blockbusters made in Britain these days - such as "Superman," "Raiders of the Lost Ark" and "Star Wars" - are backed by American, not British;

money. The most British of moviemakers, the Rank Organisation, which made international stars out of actors such as Stewart Granger and Dirk Bogarde, abandoned film production in 1980 because it found costs too high.

Associated Communications, once the empire of cigarchomping movie mogul Lord Grade, is recting from losses on expensive box office failures like "Raise the Titanic."

risk undertaken jointly by Warner Brothers and the Ladd Company. Their technique was unusual, says

To keep costs down, they opened the film in major cities and, as well as commercial showings, invned groups like boy soouts, religious and women's organisations to see it free.

"They spent very little money on print and T.V. advertising," says an Enigma official. "They did by word of mouth."

The reluctance of British firms to invest in films is anderstandable, says Kenneth Maidment, president of the British Film and T.V. Producers Ass-

We're a very speculative busess," he says. "We don't know when a film is going to be a success or otherwise. David Puttnam has a great deal of ability and judgement and courage. But courage is usually at somebody's expense.

"It needs an act of faith every

time you produce a film." One British company prepared to do that is Goldcrest Films, a

subsidiary of publishers Pearson Longman. It put up the preproduction money for Chariots of Fire, covering the script-writing and administrative costs.

Goldcrest has helped Attenborough make his epic "Gandhi", due out at the end of the year, and bas just put up \$6 mil-, hon for Puttnam's next film, a comedy called "Local Hero."

Set up in anticipation of the coming British boom in cable and satellite T.V., Goldcrest has managed so far to raise less than half the institutional finance it wants to take its film production pool to just under \$54 million. Even backing for "Local Hero"

was hard to come by.
"We did look for half the budget from the British film industry. but everyone, including EMI, turned us down," says Chairman

"The political message we have been trying to put across is that films may be a small industry but they happen to be one in which Britain has a real competitive advantage. We can make films of

great quality at lower cost, faster." Others, like Peter Plouviez, head of the actors' union Equity, see government backing as the way to help British films.

"Talent is not enough to revive the industry," he says. "There has been talent in Australia for many years, but it was only when there was a determination by the government in Australia to make attractive films that the industry took

Mr. Plouviez wants the goverament to invest directly in films as it does in the live arts. But he realises the trend is strongly against cinema and in favour of T.V.

"One is faced with a mixed feeling of great hope and encouragement because once again people are making wonderful films, and awful fears that it's too late -- unless they are encouraged," said Mr. Plouviez.

A government-appointed committee headed by former Labour Prime Minister Harold Wilson has urged that a fund be set up to aid new productions by levies on films sold to the video business or cable and satellite T.V.

Mr. Maidment is meanwhile trying to reverse a government plan to scrap tax concessions on firstyear capital investment in films. "We need all the help we can get."

But if the industry in Britain and other parts of the world is going to stand on its own feet, he argues, then films must have a world-wide appeal, like Chariots of Fire. The situation set out in that

film of human endeavour and courage is something which is intemational ... it could apply just as much to people in Japan or Russia or South Africa."

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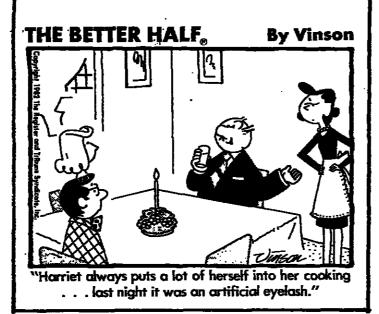
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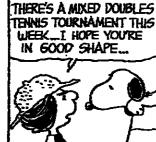
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Peanuts





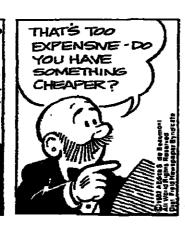




Mutt 'n' Jeff









Andy Capp









FORECAST FOR SATURDAY, APR. 10, 1982

YOUR DAILY

GENERAL TENDENCIES: In the midst of all the activities you engage in today a good opportunity comes up and you get proper recognition for a special talent you have. Maintain poise at all times.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Ideal day to get some special skill perfected. Be careful about taking risks of any kind. Sidestep a troublemaker.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Study the situation at home and know how you can best improve it. Evening is fine for entertaining friends and relatives.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Good day for improving routines and gaining cooperation of allies. Avoid one who has been interfering in your affairs. MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Plan how to

add to present income so that you can be happier in the future. Express happiness with loved one. LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Study your innermost yearnings and later you can make plans to go after them suc-

cessfully. Engage in favorite hobby. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Plan how to improve con-

ditions around you. The evening can be a happy time in the company of congenials. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Concentrate on how you can improve your environment. Be more active and gain

important personal aims. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Analyze your position well and know where you are headed in financial and pro-

perty matters. Be logical. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Plan how to have better relations with allies in the future and take initial steps toward such. Spend your money wisely.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) You have important duties to handle now so don't procrastinate at this time. Take treatments to improve your appearance.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Try to please your associates more and they will do likewise toward you. Take positive steps to gain your aims.

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Figure out the best way to improve your surroundings. Situations come up now that can bring benefits you had not expected. IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY . . . he or she will

be one who is capable of understanding important subjects and should be given as fine an education as possible in order to make the most of fine talents here. One who likes to study religious theories.

"The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

1982, McNaught Syndicate, Inc.

THE Daily Crossword By Peter G. Snow

26 Avow

34 Pat or

35 Spoil

et aL

38 Lily plant

37 Santa

40 Closes

41 Miserty

42 Unmindful

character

29 Flourishes

33 "Peanuts"

Daniel

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1 Cooking fat "Peanuts"

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WWII plane 16 — Ben Adhem 17 Jai — 18 Fevers or chilis 19 Gator's

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ship deck 60 Amino -31 Eik 32 Dutch 61 Equal 62 War horse painter

34 Army VIPs 37 Watch closely 38 Oran native **DOWN** 40 Blackthorn 1 Mythomaniac 2 Salt tree 41 Movie in

3 Peruse Granada 43 Money 4 Bits 44 Stripped 6 Metai bar 46 Rasc 47 Siren 7 Person. 48 Arrow place or poison River in

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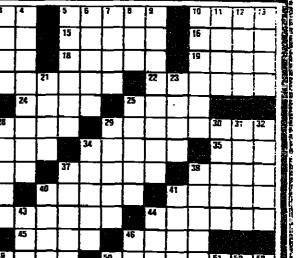
53 Signs of

56 No longer

working:

thing 8 Rubber tree and Vidal 10 Francis and Roger

12 Chicago shopping



§ 1982 Tribune Company Syndicate, Inc.

Union leader urges stepped-up rebellion against martial law

Polish archbishop warns against spiritual slump, growing fear among Poles

WARSAW (Agencies) — In a somber Easter greeting published here on Good Friday, Roman Catholic Primate Josef Glemp warned that many Poles are sinking into a spiritual slump after months of futile hopes for an end to martial law.

The subdued message from the primate, seen here as the most somber of public statements since last December's decree of martial law, appeared on the front pages of the state-run Catholic new-

spaper Slowo Powszechne.
"Many of our fellow countrymen are going through a spiritual depression." Archbishop Glemp said, adding that Poles were in fear "of their neighbours, fear of the authorities, fear of the

empty shop, fear of the workplace, fear of tomorrow and fear of him-

The four-day Easter holiday, which runs through Monday, marks the four-month anniversary of the declaration of martial law last Dec. 13 and suspension of the Solidarity Free trade union, which has come under growing fire from state-run media in recent days.

The authorities have suggested in major newspapers they may not find reasons for reviving Solidarity if some of its leaders and "extremists" continue opposition activities or appeals for defiance.

Another such appeal circulated here Friday, this time from dissident Solidarity adviser Jace Kuron who, along with thousands

Pope marks Good Friday

VATICAN CITY (A.P.) - Pope John Paul II. donning an ordinary priest's black mantle over his white papal vestments, heard confessions of 25 worshippers at St. Peter's Basilica on Good Friday.

When the pontiff slipped into the basilica through a back door, he was recognised by nearly 1,000 faithful who had been waiting for him. The Pope, looking thin after fasting for Lent, gestured them to stop their applause and went into a confessional and heard confessions for 90 minutes.

John Paul began the practice of hearing confession at the basilica on Good Friday two years ago-the first time a pontiff had ever performed the sacrament in St. Peter's, the largest church in Christendom.

The Pope has said his gesture was aimed at stressing the importance of confession, a practice increasingly shunned by Roman

Catholics around the world, esp-

ecially in Western countries. Later he planned to commemorate the death of Jesus by walking the stations of the cross with a 11/2-metre crucifix.

The Pope planned to symbolically retrace Jesus's steps on the day of his crucifixion, by climbing the hill between the ancient colosseum and Roman forum in downtown Rome.

Tens of millions of television viewers in Western Europe, North America, South America and Africa were expected to watch the live broadcast of the Pope's trek through the 14 stations of the cross--representing individual events in Jesus condemnation, execution and burial.

The torch-lit procession was to follow a St. Peter's ceremony in which the Pope kneels and kisses a crucifix in the most sorrowful liturgy in Roman Catholic worship.

Turkey seeks extradition of 76

ANKARA (A.P.) - Turkey has asked for the extradition of 76 suspects wanted by the Turkish police from various foreign countries. Justice Minister Cevdet Mentes disclosed Friday.

In a statement to the Anatolia news agency, Mr. Mentes said the government has sent documents through diplomatic channels to countries where the fugitives are

believed to be residing. He did not give a list of the cou-

ntries or the suspects involved. Most prominent among them is Mehmet Ali Agca, the Turkish terrorist convicted of trying to murder Pope John Paul II at St. Peter's Square last May. Mr. Agca is serving a life term. Turkey is seeking his extradition because a Turkish military court has sentenced him to death in absentia for

the murder of a Turkish newspaper editor in 1979.

Turkey also has asked for the return of Omer Ay, suspected to be Mr. Agea's accomplice and captured in West Germany last month. But West Germany refuses to extradite suspects sought by the Turkish authorities unless Turkey gives guarantees that they will not be executed once returned

The military authorities in Turkey have placed behind bars some 30,000 persons in their crackdown on rightist and leftist terrorist gro-

Some 14,000 suspects on the wanted list are still at large. Officials maintain some of them escaped abroad, especially to Western European countries.

WORLD NEWS BRIEFS

Denktash expresses optimism on Cyprus

GENEVA (R) — Turkish Cypriot leader Rauf Denktash said Friday he believed all the elements now existed to solve the Cyprus question quickly on the basis of an inter-communal partnership between the Greek and Turkish communities. He was speaking to reporters after talks with United Nations Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar, who is touring U.N. European offices and who saw Greek Cypriot leader Spyros Kyprianou two days ago in Rome. Mr. Denktash said his talks with the secretary-general had been useful and constructive. They were agreed that there had been progress on fundamental issues in the inter-communal talks and it had been decided to review progress again in New York in June.

10 killed as Seoul bus plunges underground

SEOUL (R) - At least 10 people were feared killed when a bus fell through the steel roof of an underground railway being built under the streets of Seoul, police said. About 40 people were injured, most of them passengers on the bus which on Thursday plunged about 20 metres down a hole in the road when the steel roof covering the railway excavations collapsed.

N.Y. Daily News talks suspended

NEW YORK (R) - Texas millionaire Joe Allbritton suspended negotiations Thursday night to buy the New York Daily News after its unions invited Australian publisher Rupert Murdoch to discuss buying it. Mr. Alibritton said in a statement: "This latest move makes my ability to negotiate agreements with the unions most difficult." Mr. Allbritton said the Chicago Tribune Company, which owns the newspaper, had made it clear he was "the buyer of last resort" of the news. The union's move made negotiations useless, he added. The deadline for negotiations remained April 25.

Italian journalists stage strike

ROME (R) — Italy's newspaper and agency journalists staged a one-day strike Friday in a week of trouble for the country's press. A strike by graphic workers Saturday will stretch the Easter news disruption to 48 hours. Both strikes are intended as a show of strength before pay negotiations. Only one newspaper, the new H Globo, was published on Wednesday after a typesetters' strike in protest at its use of video technology.

Salvador seeks more U.S. aid

SAN SALVADOR (R) - Nine visiting U.S. congressmen have heard appeals for the United States to pump more military and economic aid into war-torn El Salvador.

A congressional delegation, led by Democrat Jim Wright, received the request in a 90-minute meeting Thursday with defence minister

and army strongman, Gen. Jose Guillermo Garcia. The congressmen made no statements after the talks but Gen.

Garcia told reporters they had discussed the political and military situation and the possibility of renewed aid. They also raised the subject of human rights and were told the armed forces were doing everything possible to end abuses. Gen.

An estimated 30,000 people have died in El Salvador in the past

two years, many of them victims of right-wing death squads, according to human rights observers. "We have demonstrated that we are believers in the principles of human rights and have done everything possible to overcome (vio-

lations)," Gen. Garcia said. Asked if he believed his request for more aid would be granted, Gen. Garcia said: "We hope so."

The United States has poured millions of dollars into El Salvador to support the civilian-military government in its fight against leftwing insurgents.

Gen. Garcia said his forces needed assistance in communications, air and land transport as well as arms to implement a five-year military plan to wipe out up to 8,000 guerrillas.

kesman said guerrillas killed two women whom they forced off a bus on a road near the town of Suchitoto, 35 kilometres northeast of the

Goukouni accuses deputy of negotiating with rebels

tement, Mr. Kuron called on the people to "strike out simultaneously at all the centres of authority and information thr-"The people of the government must know that only a limited time remains for them to come up with

vote went 54-27 for Mr. Fraser. The prime minister, a skilful political infighter needed only 41 African Unity (OAU).

In what was seen as an effort to

Soviet general attacks Haig on chemical arms allegation

MOSCOW (R) — A senior Soviet army officer has said that U.S. Secretary of State Alexander Haig should be tried for alleged war crimes committed during his service in Vietnam.

of other Solidarity activists, has

been interned without charge

idarity, Mr. Kuron was quoted as

saying "maintaining the occ-

upation (martial law) is pure sui-

3,000 dissidents and Solidarity

activists now being held in int-

ernment camps. He was picked up

shortly after martial law was dec-

There was no way of est-

Mr. Kuron called on the gov-

ablishing the authenticity of the

bulletin, which was made ava-

ernment to offer a major com-

promise and said nationwide rio-

ting could erupt if it failed to do so.

He said time for the government

He said the Polish people sho-

uld demonstrate their power in

various ways, including dis-

tribution of leaflets, daubing bui-

ldings, token stoppages and, in the

In the vaguely-worded sta-

last resort, a general strike.

oughout the country.

a compromise," he said.

Fraser retains

party leadership

CANBERRA (R) - Prime Min-

ister Malcolm Fraser has defeated

a challenge to his leadership of

Australia's ruling Liberal Party

from former Foreign Minister

Mr. Fraser, 51, prime minister

for more than six years, easily beat

off the challenge from Mr. Pea-

minutes after the start of a special

meeting of the 81 Liberal mem-

bers of parliament, called by Mr.

Fraser to settle months of spe-

Liberal Party officials said the

culation over his leadership.

votes to retain his leadership.

The outcome was decided only

Andrew Peacock.

cock, 43.

was running out.

ilable to reporters here Friday.

Mr. Kuron is one of more than

In a clandestine bulletin of Sol-

since the start of martial law.

Mai.-Gen. Anatoly Kuntsevich, a chemical warfare expert, was appearing on a special television programme to denounce a U.S. State Department report alleging that the Soviet Union and its allies were using chemical weapons on

Gen. Kuntsevich said the U.S. allegations were false and were designed to cover up the longlasting effects of American use of chemical agents during the Vie-

Athens fights

ATHENS (R) - Emergency

air pollution

Laos, Kampuchea and Vietnam.

Gen. Kuntsevich repeated Sov-

"There is a judicial need to set up an international investigation and an international court which would call to account those responsible for these horrible crimes, including Haig, who as we know directed combat operations for a long time in Vietnam, including

Mr. Haig served in Vietnam as a lieutenant-colonel in the U.S. army in the late 1960s.

the use of chemical weapons," he

iet denials that Moscow had ever used chemical weapons or supplied them for use in other cou-

boost his credibility as leader of all

the factions in the war. President

Goukouni last month tried -- and

failed -- to regain ground taken

over by the rebels in the past five

Military sources said successive

attempts by the Chad army to reg-

ain control of the key town of

Oum-Hadier straddling the str-

ategic road from the capital to the

Sudanese border ended in failure,

with heavy casualties for gov-

Since a Libyan military pullout

in November last year, Mr.

Habre's guerrillas, estimated at

around 4.000 men, have won con-

trol of more than half of the huge

Central African country, military

They said only the presence of

an estimated 3,800 troops of an

inter-African force from Nigeria,

Zaire and Senegal setting up a buf-

fer around N Djamena was pre-

venting the guerrillas from moving

The force might have to be wit-

hdrawn by the end of June for lack

of funds, unless an agreement can

be reached for the United Nations

to finance it, the sources said.

emment forces.

sources said.

towards the capital.

Italy hopes to cool political scandal

boss to isolated jail

Rome to shift Mafia

ROME (R) - Jailed Mafia supremo "Don" Rafaele Cutolo, who is

at the centre of Italy's latest political scandal, is to be moved to an

Mr. Cutolo, 42, elegant man of letters and head of the Nuova

But he continued to run his criminal empire from a prison in

central Italy. It was there that he received Naples Christian Dem-

ocrat Giuliano Granata to arrange the ransom for Ciro Cirillo, a local Christian Democrat seized by the Red Brigades urban guerrillas last

The scandal erupted when the Communist Party daily L'Unita

alleged that Christian Democratic Culture Minister Vincenzo Scotti

had visited Mr. Cutolo in prison to seek his good offices as a go-

L'Unita's report was based on what was alleged to be an official

Events took a gruesome turn last week when a neo-fascist cri-

minologist connected with Mr. Cutolo was found beheaded in the

Camorra boss's territory after writing a letter claiming authorship of

Police are still investigating the Unita journalist who obtained the

The scandal, which prompted Mr. Granata to admit his visit to Mr.

Cutolo as a personal initiative, has embarrassed the Communists and

strained the five-party ruling coalition, in which the Christian Dem-

false document and suspected links between the political est-

ablishment, organised crime and Italy's urban guerrillas.

economic and political control of the underworld.

It has also spurred media speculation over the motives behind the

The authorities hope the transfer of Mr. Cutolo to the remote

island prison will cool the ferocious Naples gang war which has

claimed almost 100 lives so far this year as rival clans struggle for

Mexico continues search

to rescue volcano victims

document that subsequently turned out to be a take.

document and the man who gave it to her.

Camorra (New Naples Mafia), was sentenced to life imprisonment

for murder in 1963 and an additional five years for criminal ass-

isolated island prison off Sardinia, official sources said Friday.

ociation earlier this year.

between with the Red Brigades.

the document.

ocrats play a major role.

VILLAHERMOSA, Mexico

(A.P.) — Army paratroopers.

heartened by finding 200 sur-

vivors on a slope of the Chi-

nchonal volcano, continued their

search Friday for 4,800 more pea-

sants isolated for 11 days by the

blanket of ash that poured from

Hopes for their survival imp-

roved Thursday when the defence

ministry reported that 14 par-

atroopers had reached the village

of San Francisco Leon and found

The soldiers jumped from a hel-

icopter, struggled for seven hours

over trails clogged by about one

metre of volcanic ash to reach the

village, and led the villagers out on

Army sources said the rescued

were suffering from burns, deh-

the erupting mountain.

200 people alive.

foot.

'Islamochristiana' offers rich

In the only serious incident reported on Thursday, military spo-

N'DJAMENA (R) - Chad President Goukouni Oueddei has accused the country's vicepresident of sabotaging his authority and attempting to negotiate with the rebels in the country's civil war, N Djamena Radio rep-

orted Friday.

The Chad leader faces increasing political opposition within the 10-faction provisional government after serious military setbacks against the rebels last month in eastern Chad, political sources

His accusation, in a statement released Thursday night by President Goukoun's own armed Frolinat faction, came almost five weeks after Vice-President Abdulkader Wadal Kamougue publicly suggested a ceasefire with rebel leader Hissene Habre.

Col. Kamougue, a veteran leader from the predominantly Christian south, suggested the ceasefire as part of a political settlement of the civil war leading to the setting up of a new all-party government, seen by the sources as a return to the original 1979 11-faction government including Mr. Habre.

The Goukouni-led Frolinat rejected the suggestion and accused Col. Kamougue of trying to achieve a ceasefure with Mr. Habre's guerrillas, a proposal also strongly advocated by the Organisation of

harvest of studies, documents ROME — Number 7 (1981) of ations such as the curious case of Islamochristiana published by the Pontifical Institute of Arabic and Urvov).

Islamic Studies (Rome) has just appeared. Like every previous issue, this one offers a rich harvest of studies and documents concerning the Islamo-Christian dialogue in its historical and current aspects, in its principles and applications. English and French are the languages employed by the authors. There is also one article in Arabic. The authors are mainly Christians but there are five texts by Muslims.

Among the articles we mention a study by Father Maurice Borrmans on Jerusalem in the Muslim religious tradition: A rather personal reflection by M. Talbi, a Tunisian professor, on the relations between Islam and the West, as well as several studies on the history of inter-religious rel-

"Bi-confessionalism" in Muslim Spain (H. Didier) and the attitude of Ramon Lull to Islam (D. A large part of this number is

devoted to giving an account of Islamo-Christian relations in various countries: in Great Britain (P. Johnstone) in the U.S.A. (M. Speight) in the Philippines (P. Gowing) in Lebanon through the venture of the "Cenacle Libanais" (J. Corbon). The "Notes and Documents" pick out the various colloquia and meetings between Christians and Muslims during 1981. The many book reviews present the numerous works concerning the Islamo-Christian dialogue. For seven years the review has included a scientific and critical bibliography of Christian and Muslim authors who have written about the other religion since the seventh century. This time, Father

Melkite lirji, a thirteenth century monk from the St. Simeon monastery near Antioch (at present in Turkey). Finally Dr. Abduh Sallam, former Egyptian minister of helath and a fervent advocate of friendship between Christians and Muslims offers us his reflections (in Arabic with a French summary) on "L'Islam religion de p-

Samir presents the work of the

ydration, breathing problems and

there were any dead in the village.

the Sierra Madre range of sou-

theast Mexico began erupting

March 29, there have been 21 dea-

ths and more than 500 injured

reported, and 60,000 people have

seen evacuated. But six villages on

the slopes of the mountain could

not be reached because of the

dense cloud of ash and other deb-

thick smoke, ash and white-bot

sand Thursday after being quiet

for 24 hours. But army officials

said 150 paratroopers trained in

mountain rescue and equipped

with six helicopters kept looking

for survivors.

El Chinchonal spewed up more

ris pouring from the crater.

There was no word of whether

Since the 1,322-metre peak in

malnutrition.

It can be seen that all those who are interested in the relations between Christians and Muslims. often so difficult and saddled with prejudice on both sides, will find in this number something to nourish their culture and information so as to work still more for a better understanding, a coming together and fraternal friendship to the greatest degree possible.

-- L'Osservatore Romano

Bangladesh forced on 'Ershad's way'

By Granville Watts Reuter

Born out of the 1971 war bet-

ween India and Pakistan, the new

nation seemed plagued with pro-

The country's first president,

His successor was a military

man turned politician, Ziaur

Rahman, who seemed to be put-

ting the country on the right track

Sheikh Mujibur Rahman, was kil-

led with most of his family in a

bloody military coup in 1975.

blems from the start.

anti-pollution measures were in force again in Athens Friday to DACCA - Military rule is back combat a poisonous cloud that has and politics have been frozen become an almost permanent feaagain in Bangladesh, an impture in the once-blue Attica sky. overished nation of 89 million With pollution away above people which is still searching for danger levels, the government stable government after 11 years applied the first stage of its eme-

of turmoil and coups. Army strongman Lt.-Gen. Hosrgency plan. Factories in and around Athens reduced production sain Mohammad Ershad staged by 30 per cent and a partial ban the latest coup March 24 and said was imposed on cars with even he would keep military rule in number plates. Central heating force for two years until conwas also restricted. ditions were right for a return to Hospitals and doctors reported democracy. "Here we go again," was the

that people with lung and heart trouble were being affected by the cynical comment of one diplomat. pollution. who said he seemed to have heard The emergency measures coiit all before.

neided with a report from the national statistical service showing that one-third of the country's total population now live in the

Details of a census in April last year show that the population of Athens increased by half a million in the past 10 years to 3,027,331. Greece's total population rose by 11 per cent between 1971 and

1981 to 9,740,151.

when he too was assassinated in an abortive military mutiny in the southern port of Chittagong last

of civilian rule under President Abdus Sattar, a 76-year-old former judge. Mr. Sattar had begun a drive against corruption among mem-

Then came a four-month period

bers of his ruling Bangladesh Nationalist Party (BNP), but according to Gen. Ershad was not moving fast enough. "He was an honourable man but he lost his grip over the party

and the running of the country," Gen. Ershad said at his first press conference held in the vast army cantonment in Dacca where he The general said he decided to

take over after a series of recent events including unprecedented corruption, student unrest and the discovery of a wanted murder suspect being harboured in an exminister's house.

"My ultimate objective is a corruption-free society." he said. But the general himself admitted that corruption was to be" found everywhere in Bangladesh. 'You couldn't get anything done without it," he complained. Immediately after taking over.

Gen. Ershad launched a massive roundup of former officials, politicians and rich businessmen believed to be guilty of corruption or misuse of power. International aid officials have

estimated that about one-third of the \$1.2 billion Bangladesh received annually in aid went into the pockets of corrupt officials and "I'm determined to stamp it

out. You have seen Zia's way -now you will see Ershad's way. Iintend to be very severe indeed," he told newsmen.

New regulations brought in under martial law provide for the death penalty and life imprisonment for those found guilty on corruption charges. The general said trials would

trary to the practice of virtually attach previous military trials in Bangladesh.

He said the accused would be

allowed the advice of lawyers, but did not say whether they would be legally represented in court. Among at least 230 people arr-

ested in the first few days after the coup was a former deputy premier, four ex-ministers, the mayor of Dacca and several city officials. The martial law authorities

have also announced they are looking for several former ministers and ordered them to give themscives up or face the consequences.

The new administration has said that Bangladesh's foreign policy will remain unchanged.

The last two governments appeared to enjoy warm relations with China and the United States and tended to be cool towards

Soviet leader Leonid Brezhnev,

however, came in with a quick message of congratulations to Gen. Ershad shortly after the The general said trials would coup, closely followed by Chinabegin very soon in military cours. The initial U.S. reaction exp-They would not be in secret, son-ressed concern at the end of democratic rule in Bangladesh although Gen. Ershad said that this had later been softened in a message which he did not disclose.

MIDDLE EAST **NEWS BRIEFS**

Armenian group claims role in Ottawa shooting

BEIRUT (A.P.) - An ind a erground Armenian guerrille group on Friday claimed res ponsibility for an assussination attempt on a Turkish diplomatin Ottawa, in a telephone call to the Associated Press in Beirut, the Armenian Secret Army for the Liberation of Armenia claimed responsibility for the shooting of Kani Gungor, a commercial off icer at the Turkish embassy in the Canadian capital. The terse communique gave no details and did: not elaborate on why Mr. Gungor was a target. The Turkish dip-iomat was shot and critically wounded by gunmen who attacked him in the garage of his apartment house. He was apparently going to work. Mr. Gungor was reported to be in critical condition. The most recent attack on Turkish interests was the Turkish consul general who was shot and killed in Los Angeles two months ago. Since 1973 the Armenian Secret Army has claimed responsibility for the death of 20 Turkish diploman around the world. The group, with its headquarters in Lebanon. blames Turkey for the 1915 massacre of more than one million Ann-

Abu Ghazala promoted to field marshal

CAIRO (A.P.) - President

Hosni Mubarak on Friday promoted Defence Minister Gen Abdul Halim Abu Ghazala to field marshal, the government news agency said. Marshal Aba Ghazala, 51, became defence min ister on March 4, 1981, replacing the former minister who died in a helicopter crash. Until then he was chief of staff--a post he held since May 1980. Marshal Abu Ghazala graduated from the Egyptian Military Academy in 1949 as an aniillery officer. He studied military techniques in the Soviet Union between 1957-61. He was appointed military attache to the Egyptian embassy in Washington after the 1967 Middle East war. He returned to Egypt to lead the Second Army's artillery division in the 1973 war with Israel and was named commander in chief of the army's artillery troops. Retired Field Marshal Mohammad Abdul Ghani Al Garnassy is the only other person in Egypt holding this topmost military rank: He is credited with planning the

N. Yemen, S. Arabia pledge united stand

October 1973 war against Israel.

BAHRAIN (R) - Saudi Arabia and North Yemen have pledged to stand united against all plots. aimed at undermining the region's security and stability and keep their region free from foreign influences, a joint communique said Thursday. The two countries said they would oppose any attempt # imposing hegemony over the area which, they said, should be kept out of international rivalry and ; foreign influences, according to: the communique issued by the official Saudi Press Agency. It said they supported the Arab uprising in Israeli-occupied territories and denounced repressive measures used there by the Israeli aut-

Iran names envoy to Malaysia

KUALA LUMPUR (R) — Iran has appointed its first ambassador to Malaysia and will open an embassy here soon, Malaysia's foreign ministry said Friday. It named the envoy as Mohammad Sadegh. Ayatollahi, Malaysia already has i resident envoy in Tehran and Iran said it wanted to set up an embassy ... here during a visit last September by the speaker of the Iranian Maje lis (parliament).

Aden gets new minister

ADEN (R) -- South Yemen Prof sident Ali Nasser Mohammad hat? appointed Abdullah Ahmad: Ghanim as minister of state for cabinet affairs, the official Aden News Agency said.

